OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 20. NO. 26. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON. FRIDAY. AUGUST 23. 1907 PRICE 5 CTS

We are selling all the balance of our

Ladies' Shirt Waists Skirts and Wash Goods

at a

Reduction of 20c

from every dollar's worth.

Our fall goods are now coming in rapidly and we wish to make room for them.

$2.00 Shirt Waists go for $1.60
$2.50 Shirt Waists go for $2.00
$3.00 Shirt Waists go for $2.40
and so on right thru the line.

Come in and get one or two while the stock is complete.

PACIFIC STORE CO.
Julius I. Kirschberg

OUR FALL STOCK

IS NOW IN

Big Line of Cotton and Woolen Underwear and Hosiery

Best Line of Hats in the County
Finest Goods ever shown

Blankets, Quilts and Comforters in great variety

Everything for Fall Right Up-to-date and of Very Best Quality

S. J. LUTZ & CO.
THE BIG BRICK STORE

MADE 3 ASCENTS OF MT. OLYMPUS

DIFFICULTIES HAVE BEEN GREATLY EXAGGERATED

Party Found the Peaks Very Easy to Climb Two of Them Being Elongated Ridges Similar to the Roof of a House.

Messrs. Nelson and Best, members of the first party of The Mountaineers, who remained in charge of Miss Bailey, returned to town Monday, reporting the lady to be nearly recovered from her injuries, so much so that she had been able to walk, with some slight assistance, the eight miles over the high ridge to permanent camp at Elwha Basin; she will be out with the Landes party today.

They also report three ascensions of Olympus, Mr. Nelson, who is at home in the mountains, having been a packer and cruiser for several years, taking Mr. Best and Prof. H. C. Stevens up the east peak Monday, the 12th, to look over the route. They found, under a large rock, two portions of a Shelton newspaper, dated Aug. 12, 1899.

On Tuesday Mr. Nelson took a party of eleven, including Miss Hubert, up the middle and west peaks. They found the Parker records on the middle peak, but on the west peak, which is the highest by some two hundred feet, there was absolutely no trace of any previous ascent. The trips took twelve and a half hours, or half an hour longer than that of the Parker party, who only climbed the middle peak, while The Mountaineers went down that ridge, over and up the highest peak, and back again. Mr. Nelson says he could easily make the middle peak and return in eight hours—which is about the time Mr. Sisson says should be taken by good men for the trip. One can be on the crest of the middle peak within five minutes after stepping off the snow, while there is considerable rock work to be done before reaching the real summit of the mountain. On this day the clouds lifted to the eastward, so that a splendid view was had of Mts. Baker, Rainier, Helens, Adams, and Hood.

Thursday, Mr. Nelson and Dr. Cora Smith Eaton made the ascent of the east and middle peaks. Dr. Eaton is a member of the Sierras of California and the Mazamas of Oregon, and the organization of The Mountaineers was due to her suggestions and initial work, the first meeting being held at her home in Seattle. Hence it was doubtless with no little pleasure that she was the first woman to make the ascent of the east peak and to be one of the only two women who have ever scaled Olympus. But the Doctor, as the writer knows from several days spent in her company, is a very slow traveler. Mr. Nelson says she felt very little fatigue after the climb, which effectually contradicts the statements of the Parker party as to the difficulty of Mt. Olympus and is convincing evidence of our statement that the peaks of the Olympics are not beyond the ability of any party who may desire to spend their summer outing in that region. It is hoped and believed that each year will see a steady increase in the number of such visitors.

By the way, we now have photos of the terrible canyon, filled with potholes and crevasses, thru which the Parker party went, tied together with ropes. As Dr. Eaton and Mrs. Stuff were passing thru the canyon alone at the time we took the picture, one can easily judge how dangerous the place must have been!

A band of sixty-three elk were seen in the Quinault valley on Friday and again on Saturday. Some of the boys got a bear in the Queets valley, which proved very acceptable to the commissary department, as the party had been entirely out of meat, as well as sugar and some other items. The second party, it had been planned, would take in provisions; instead, they not only depended upon the supplies already in camp, but brought out more members than had been anticipated.

The Port Angeles Cafe' was opened to the public last Saturday evening. The proprietor, Mr. P. Boivin, has refitted the place, formerly the Arcade, throughout in the best of shape, and is prepared to cater to the public in a way that is sure to please. Short orders and regular meals served on "quick time." Mr. Boivin solicits a share of the public patronage.

TO SETTLE DISPUTED TITLE

County Attorneys of Clallam and Jefferson to Decide on Proper Action to Finally Locate Protection Island.

The boards of commissioners of Clallam and Jefferson are contemplating a suit to determine which county owns Protection island, a tract of some 600 acres at the entrance of Discovery Bay. Both counties have levied taxes upon the land for many years. The Puget Sound National Bank, owners by tax title from Jefferson county and certain Port Angeles citizens, claiming by the same right from Clallam county, are paying taxes in the respective counties. It is rumored the object of clearing the title at this time is to permit purchase by the government. The commanding position furnishes excellent facilities for coast defense works as an auxiliary to the present triangle of forts at entrance of the sound.

A FAREWELL GATHERING HELD

The ladies of the Congregational church gave a farewell reception to their departing pastor, Rev. G. N. Edwards and his good wife, last Tuesday evening at the church. A short but very appropriate program was rendered, consisting of choice selections of music and recitations by Mrs. Jno. Trumbull and Mrs. G. H. Sweney. Rev. Simons of the Methodist church was present and gave a very pleasing farewell address, edifying the work of the departing pastor, after which light refreshments were served, and expresions for the future welfare of Rev. and Mrs. Edwards were freely given.

KEYSTONE GIANTS PLAY SUNDAY

The Keystone Giants, "The Colored Gentlemen" of Seattle, will meet the local team on the diamond at the ball grounds next Sunday afternoon. "The Colored Gentlemen" were here some weeks ago, giving the best of satisfaction and playing a good game. The Pacific States Realty Company give one of their popular excursions on this date, which insures a large crowd from Seattle. Game called at 3 p. m.

CLALLAM LAND OPEN TO ENTRY

Seven thousand acres in townships 29, range 4, near Exa in eastern Clallam county, and 30, range 7, near McDonald; or so much thereof as was filed upon prior to March 1, 1898, and March 2, 1897, dates of the President's proclamations including the lands in the Forest Reserve, will be open to entry on October 8th. No claims initiated since said dates will be considered.

SUMMER HOME IN ELWHA VALLEY

Ferdinand Schmith of Seattle purchased the Al. Bender ranch on Little River last week and proposes to invest some five thousand in improvements. As a summer home he believes there is no place to compare with Clallam county, and will sell his cottage at Alki Point.

Salmon trolling at the spit is quite lively, and some large catches are being made. On Tuesday over five hundred fish, averaging all the way from five to fifteen pounds each, were brought in and sold to the cannery people. Twenty-seven row boats were counted at one time, the occupants engaged in fishing.

Auction Sale of Horses.

I will offer for sale at Johnson's stable in Port Angeles on Saturday, Aug. 24th, 16 head of horses broken for saddle or packing. A number are good drivers and I have one matched team. C. C. Bowman.

Launch "Dorothy"

For charter by the hour or day for

Pleasure Parties, Excursions, Evening Sails, or for Light Towing.

Can carry 24 passengers.

Prices reasonable.

C. E. Fulmer, Port Angeles.
Phone 74.

"TIMBER TAXATION" A DEAD LETTER

BOARD WILL NOT RAISE VALUATIONS THIS YEAR

Said to Have Found They Cannot Increase Assessed Valuations Without Great Injustice in Many Cases.

The assessed valuation of timber in this county will continue for another year on the basis of the past two years,—and the pre-election promises of last fall are to go for naught for another year at least—the Board of Equalization having merely made minor changes here and there. Two excuses are given for this action, or lack thereof.

In the first place, a great many of the individual claims in the western part of the county, particularly those of resident ownership, are said to be already assessed at a fair proportion of their actual value, a few being assessed at a higher valuation than they will sell for today. Hence a percentage increase would be to some extent unfair.

Again, it is stated by members of the Board, all classes of personal property are assessed at as low a rate, proportionately, as the timber. Milch cows are assessed at $20 and under, driving and work horses have been placed as low as $20, buggies at $20, pianos at $65, watches at $5 and $10, etc. Stocks of goods known to be worth from $10,000 upwards are assessed at from one-tenth to one-fifth that sum, while on the other hand the lesser merchant will pay taxes upon a far greater proportionate valuation. Small shingle mills out in the timber are assessed at just about half as much as the larger mills.

Manifestly, it would be impossible for the Board, even presuming its members to be familiar with each quarter section of timber in the county, to go over the entire acreage and revise the work of the assessors. Nor would it be fair, say members of the Board, to assess timber at a certain percentage of its actual value, and leave other lines of personal property at the old low valuation. They thought better to wait until next year, thus giving them an opportunity to acquire detailed information regarding the relative values of the county's timber, and then have one man assess the mills, one man the stocks of merchandise of the county, and so on, to the end that there might be uniformity in valuations.

WERE HAPPILY MARRIED

Miss Tot Dick Became Bride of Harry Cook on Sunday Last. Will Hereafter Reside in Seattle.

Miss Tot DeWar Dick and Mr. Harry G. Cook, both of Seattle, were married on Sunday last at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Maurice Fisher, of this city. The ceremony took place in the presence of immediate relatives of the contracting parties only—numbering forty-two people—the words which bound them together for life being spoken by Rev. C. E. Fulmer.

Of the excellence of character of these young people our words seem unnecessary, both having spent several years of their lives in our city where their good qualities were ever manifested. Miss Dick, now Mrs. Cook, is a most lovable young woman, possessed with many graces and womanly instincts. She has a host of friends here who will wish her much happiness. Mr. Cook is a popular young man, a master of his trade, plumbing, and well worthy the bride he has won.

After partaking of a bountiful wedding dinner, amid the well wishes of their friends, the happy couple left on the evening of their wedding day for their future home at 1150, 17th Ave., North, Seattle.

THE CRESCENT HOTEL

L. H. Mitchell was in from Lake Crescent first of the week after supplies. Mr. Mitchell says that the Crescent Hotel is doing a fair business, which is encouraging, as the Crescent was not opened to the public until late in the season. Mr. Mitchell plans many new improvements to this property during the coming dull season, and will be better than ever prepared to serve the public. The location is an ideal one, in a sheltered cove, and at the only place on the lake in touch with the outside world day and night.

TIMES CLOTHING MART

10,000 Dollars

TO BE GIVEN AWAY BY

R. A. MUSKETT

He having made the above amount in profits in ten years over and above expenses

Thus he has a surplus of $10,000 in his stock that he can afford to give to his customers who make a purchase. From now on you will get goods at cost. He is willing to show the invoice. We will continue to see WHO is WHO—Muskett or who?

No connection with that man on the corner

Time is too short to make a list of prices, but you can see for yourself as everything is marked in plain figures. Come along and look around Purchase or no purchase, you will get satisfaction which has not always been handed out to you.

Times Clothing Mart
R. A. Muskett

EDITORIALS

Opinions of Great Papers on Important Subjects.

LONELINESS OF A GREAT CITY.

IF you live in a large city you are lost. You are swallowed up by the ocean of people around you. You go down into the deep and that's the last of you, except perhaps an occasional bubble that may come to the surface near where you were last seen. There are so many people you can't escape drowning. You can't make friendships as you do in a smaller place, where the individual isn't entirely effaced by the mass. Society is not what it is in the smaller place, where the human element enters in altogether. In the larger place your comings and goings are not noted by your friends even, and never by the newspapers unless you are one of the high financiers or packing house bunch. The births and weddings in your family are of no more interest outside of your own flat than are the wreaths of smoke curling up into the empyrean; no merry crowd of interested neighbors with their warm congratulations. The deaths bring little sympathy from the rumbling, rattling world outside; no sorrowing acquaintances who have stood by you through the long sickness; there is little or none of that evidence of loving kindness that comes from neighbors and real friends in a small city or town, where the dollar mark is not written so large and so indelibly on everything. It is a paradoxical law that where there are so many people there are fewer friends, and when you diminish the number to a frontier community where neighbors are miles apart your friends are ready to take their lives in their hands for you.—Utica Globe.

FINE FOR THE WIFE; HOW ABOUT THE WIDOW?

MR. MARRIED MAN, did you ever give much thought to what might happen when you died? Did you ever spend much thought upon the fact that you were going to die? Did you ever realize that your wife would cease to be your wife and become a widow? Did you comprehend that your children would no longer be your children but would be known as your orphans?

If you did grasp these facts, which many men try to dodge, did you ever carry your speculation a little further, thus wise: "Will my widow wear as good clothes as my wife?" "Where will the bread come from when the breadwinner passes away?" "Will my orphans have the advantages of my children?"

It is rather a grim subject—this idea of death. Not dinner table conversation at all. It's a pleasant thing to forget. Many men do successfully dodge the subject all their lives. But there is no dodging Death itself. It never forgets. It never skips. Rich or poor—mighty or lowly—no matter.

It's a fine thing to live. It makes a married man proud to have a home, to dress his wife, to give his children educational advantages and to keep his family in the front rank. It takes money, yes—but it's fine for the children, delightful for the wife, satisfying to the man. But when you've run your length, Mr. Married Man, what then? Some day your friends will lay a lily on your chest, heap the praise, the reverence, the kindly tributes that should have been yours through life, upon what is left of you, lay you away, and proceed to forget you.

But the widow won't forget. The orphans won't forget. When you go to the cemetery will the widow go to the poor house? When you pass into the Unknown will your orphans pass into the asylum? There is no time to decide this but now. Prune a few luxuries. Start a bank account. Save! Leave an income!

If you left your wife while alive the law would put you in jail. Death relieves you of the law but not of responsibility! Then again, Mr. Man, your saving may not be for merely your widow or your orphans. It may be yourself. There are such things as paralysis, blindness, insanity. Think it over.—Indianapolis Sun.

THE FOREST RESERVE.

WHEN the President, by proclamation a few weeks ago, added seventeen million acres of land to the national forest reserve he raised the total amount of land withdrawn from settlement to one hundred and forty-five million acres—an area almost equivalent to that of Minnesota and the two Dakotas.

These lands are held primarily for the protection of the water supply of the country, particularly that of the great West. Forest reserves in the East are not national but state property. In some of these States there are movements to purchase mountain land in order to prevent lumber companies from denuding it.

The power to withdraw forest lands from settlement by proclamation was conferred on the President by act of Congress in March, 1891. Immediately afterward President Harrison issued the first proclamation under the new law, and began the national forest reserve. By 1899 forty-six million acres had been put in the reserve, and the amount had been increased to a hundred and twenty-eight million acres in February, before President Roosevelt's last proclamation.

The last Congress repealed the law giving the President power to add public lands to the forest reserve, and ordered that hereafter no land should be withdrawn from settlement without the approval of Congress.

It is less than twenty years since the scientific study of forestry was begun in the United States. So much has been learned of the subject that the protection of the water supply is not now urged as the sole reason for preserving the forests. A properly managed forest will not only protect the water sources, but will yield a profitable amount of lumber without injury to the forest area. The government is selling lumber from its reserves, and it is said by those in charge that within a short time the Forestry Bureau will be self-supporting, if not a money-making branch of the government.—Youth's Companion.

A GOOD CATCH.

It was a pleasant afternoon in a village in western Nevada. A group of young men were playing a rough game of ball in the middle of the wide, sandy street, but the sidewalks were almost deserted. This rendered every passer-by conspicuous to the motley crowds of Indians, Chinamen, cowboys, miners and other adventurers that lounged in front of the shops and barrooms of the main thoroughfare.

A tall young man and a dainty, sweet-faced girl came out of the hotel and took their way along the sidewalk, their dress and manner plainly proclaiming them to be Easterners and "tenderfoots," for the young fellow wore a silk hat, and a long "Prince Albert" coat with all the innocence imaginable, and his very small mustache was distinctly curled up at the ends.

The pair walked unconcernedly along the street, the target of every eye, but all unconscious of creating a sensation, for the crowd, on account of the sweet-faced girl, endeavored to suppress somewhat its deep and heartfelt disapproval of her companion's dress and appearance.

Suddenly one of the players in the street, a husky young cowboy, gave the ball a tremendous swing; it accidentally slipped from his grasp and went straight for the pretty girl's face.

The player gave a cry of horror, the crowd gasped and caught its breath. In an instant all would be over with the pretty girl. But quick as thought her escort sprang forward, threw out his left hand, deftly caught the "red-hot" ball not a foot from her face, and lightly tossed it back to the player.

There was a moment of dazed silence; then from every motley group all up and down the street came a burst of hearty, spontaneous applause. Loud and long it continued. The young man lifted his hat, the pretty girl, the color rushing back to her cheeks, smiled and waved her handkerchief, and as they disappeared from view down the dusty roadway, the tall hat and the long-tailed coat were freely forgiven.

Curious Nesting Habits.

Many birds in their nesting habits have accommodated themselves to the advance of civilization. Thus the barn and cliff swallows, which once built under overhanging cliffs and in caves, now place their nests on the rafters and beneath the eaves of our barns. The chimney swift, which originally placed its nest on the inside of hollow trees, now uses our chimneys for that purpose. The purple martin, once nesting exclusively in holes in trees, will now in many sections of the country use nothing but the bird boxes which kind-hearted men have erected.

RICH AMERICAN GIRL.

MISS GLADYS VANDERBILT.

Miss Gladys Moore Vanderbilt has attained her legal age and comes into her inheritance from the estate of her father, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt. This inheritance amounts to $13,000,000, and it makes her America's richest girl.

When Cornelius Vanderbilt died in 1899, he bequeathed $7,500,000 to each of the five children, except Cornelius, Jr., the money to be paid each heir upon reaching legal age. Cornelius, Jr., was cut off with a mere $1,500,000, because he married contrary to his father's wishes. Alfred was designated head of the family and it was provided that the bulk of the estate should be given to him in installments. Certain funds were placed in trust with the provision that they should be distributed when the youngest child, Miss Gladys, reached her legal age.

Under careful management her bequest of $7,500,000 has grown to $10,500,000 in the seven years since the death of her father. She receives in addition $2,500,000 from other funds of the estate, the total of $13,000,000 making her one of the richest unmarried young women in the country.

WITCHES AND PLANTS.

Many Legends and Traditions that Link Them Together.

In all countries in which the witchcraft delusion now exists or in which it prevailed in former times we find folklore stories connecting those mysterious bogies with the plants of those particular regions. Even the great Shakspeare causes his witches to discourse learnedly on the diabolical properties of "hemlock digg'd i' dark" and of "slips of yew silvered in the moon's eclipse." They are supposed to have had their favorite flowers as well as plants, and in England at the present time foxglove is spoken of as "witch bells" and harebells as "witches' thimbles." The common ragwort is well known as the "witches' horse," the tradition being that they mounted rank growths of that species of weed and "rode the skies," just as the dame with the pointed hat rides the broom in the familiar picture. In Germany and throughout northern Europe it is the belief that witches float from place to place on beds of hay, composed largely of witches' blossoms and "devil spikes," this last being a species of dwarfed slough grass. St. John's wort, which is now so popular for shoulder and buttonhole bouquets on St. John's eve, was formerly worn for the express purpose of averting the crafts and subtleties of the witches, bogies, ghosts and spirits which the European peasantry believed walked abroad on "that night of witching mysteries."—London Spectator.

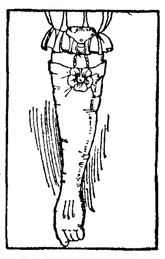
Well Meant Prayers.

Sydney Smith declared that the children of Bishop Phillpotts used to end their usual prayers by praying for Earl Grey, explaining that "papa tells us it is our duty to pray for our greatest enemies."—London Spectator.

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN

Glove Sustainer.

The prevalence of the short sleeve and long glove fad has made a place for a new arrival among the fal-lals of femininity, and that is a piece of jewelry, which is nothing more or less than a garter for the glove. In the absence of some such device as this it is a common thing to see the fair ones in the mode of the moment engaging in a constant struggle to keep their glove tops and sleeves in the same vicinity, but it would not require a very keen observer to note that the two articles seem like anything but harmonious neighbors. The apparatus shown links them together perfectly, and at the same time offers a touch of color to the costume. It may be worn on the outside or inside of the arm. It consists of a pretty buckle, which is secured to the sleeve, and a neat flower-like clamp which clasps the top of the glove. A chain link holds the two parts together.



GLOVE SUPPORTER.

Banish All Your Moods.

Kindly feeling may be cultivated, and this cultivation begins when the child is first taught to be gentle in its play with companions, civil to servants, respectful to the aged and kind to helpless animals.

As the child grows from girlhood to womanhood this habit of courtesy and thoughtfulness for others has become part of her character—a part that will tend to the eternal youthful spirit if the cares and the flatteries of life are met in the right way. The spoiled woman is never youthful. She is invariably selfish, and selfishness is aging.

Sometimes we wonder why it is that so many old persons become disagreeable. Sometimes it is ill-nature that has made them old, says Home Chat. If you would keep young at heart, and that means young outside, in spite of the years, banish petulant moods, combat irritability. Remember: "This, too, shall pass away!"—whatever it may be that troubles you; and you will look back with wonder at the fact that you allowed such a circumstance to annoy you.

As to "Good Appearance."

Neatly kept nails.

Gloves neatly mended.

Smoothly brushed hair.

Absolute cleanliness of the body.

Entire absence of the odor of perspiration.

The placket fastened firmly and invisibly.

All garments carefully brushed and free of dust.

Shoes well polished and heels trimly built up.

Buttons, hooks and trimming securely sewed.

The walking skirt to clear the ground by several inches.

Attention to these details will earn for any woman the description of dainty and well groomed. Every one cannot be beautiful, and every one cannot dress expensively.

When a waist is too large or too small in the neck the alteration should be made in the shoulder seams. The seam is taken up equally on the front and on the back.

In making the plain shirtwaist each detail must be perfect for good effect. A great deal of the comfort of a shirtwaist depends on the fit of the neck. The neck measure should be taken, and the neck band on the waist should measure from end to end when finished, one and one-half inches more than the neck measure. In making the sleeve, the opening to which a link cuff is attached, when finished, should be half the length of the cuff; that is, the opening for a cuff ten inches wide should be five inches. If the material is striped or figured, the piece which is put on the top of the cuff should exactly match after it is attached.

The cuffs and neck band should have an interlining of butchers' linen, which, with all material, should be shrunk before using, as two materials do not shrink alike. One thickness is enough for cuffs, and it should be attached to the outside half. The cuff is attached to the sleeve, having the seam come on the wrong side, then the edge of the under side is turned in and neatly basted, to be stitched on machine. Stitch the cuff around the edge and around the bottom twice.

If a stiff collar is worn with the waist, as is the thing this summer, even with lingerie waists, the neck when fastened, should measure one-half inch less than the collar. For if they are of the same size, the band pushes down below the collar, and besides looking horribly, it pinches.

Don't let your infants look at bright-colored objects. Never allow them to lie and stare into the sunshine, at the gas, electric light or into the flame of a lamp, for it may strain the nerve of sight and make the eyes weak for the remainder of their lives, declares a physician of a babies' hospital.

"Unfortunately most young children are abnormally attracted by any bright object such as a red feather on a hat, a vivid green or yellow chair, or by artificial or sunlight," he says, "and they will exert all their strength to turn their bodies so that the bright thing is within the range of vision.

"Knowing this, mothers should make every effort to protect the eyes of babes and make sure that the rooms where they sleep or stay when awake have no objects that will attract and hold the interest of the little one and perhaps injure the optic nerves.

"Always have the sunlight tempered. Put a shade over any kind of artificial light so that it wil not shine directly into a young child's eyes. Take all gay pictures and hangings from the apartments where babies are to stay, and in their places put up soft green things that are restful and will have no exciting effect on the delicate nerves of sight.

"When taking an infant out of doors always protect its eyes from the glare of the sun by a parasol or a broad brim on a hat."

Sayings from the Talmud.

If your wife is small, bend down in order to listen to her advice.

That which a child says beyond the house it has learned within the house.

It is easy to lead a man on the way which he desires to go.

Devotion with little prayer is better than much prayer without devotion.

He who destroys the reputation of his fellow is a murderer.

The act of a foolish man can never be a precedent.

The soldiers do the fighting and the kings are glorified as heroes.

God looks first into the heart of man and then into his mind.

White in Hot Weather.

There is nothing so cool as a white dress. In the old days when our grandmothers favored white gowns they had white stockings, as also with their flowered delaine gowns, but these we ignore. We have come back to their white duck skirts, but even with these we wisely prefer the champagne tinted shoes and stockings to the pure white, for there is nothing so unbecoming to the foot as a white shoe. Black and white is cool of aspect and so are the light fashionable blues. Wise people in the hot months of summer invariably adopt white gowns, realizing they are as cool as anything else. Looking cool makes one feel cooler.

Comb Supports Hat.

Now that bandeaux have almost disappeared from the back of the hat, a new comb has been devised in order to keep the hat properly in place. It is an ordinary shaped long comb, with wavy teeth—in order to better hold—with five outstanding pear-shaped knobs, that are quite ornamental as well as useful. The crown of the hat, or the bandeau, sets on these and thus prevents slipping.

For the Needle Worker.

To finish the edges of doilies or other buttonholed edges cut the goods a little distance from the line where the buttonholing is to go and hem it back to that line. Then buttonhole the folded edge. This prevents the frazzled-looking edge so often seen after washing and gives it a padded appearance.

Would Have Girls Sew.

The superintendent of the Chicago schools thinks that there should be a change in regard to the commencement dresses worn, and proposes that the members of the graduating class be required to make their own dresses, which should be of calico. Even if they were of a more costly material it might be a good advertisement for the domestic science department of the school to require the young ladies to wear dresses made by themselves. In this way the public could decide whether such a department is really a practical one.

Light Veils Not Worn.

The news comes by way of Chicago that "exclusive" women no longer wear light-colored, pink, blue or mauve veils. The veil must be a sober gray, a tan or brown, and only the darkest blues or greens are permissible, and these only in the hottest weather. All the same, the light-colored veils are very pretty, and women will give them up with much regret; but of course the dictates of fashion must be obeyed, and this is now taken to mean that the motorist must be as little conspicuous in dress as possible.

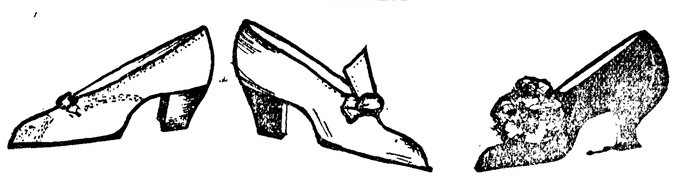
To Clean Paintings.

To clean an oil painting that is covered with dirt and fly specks wipe all the dust from the painting with a soft cloth. Put a little linseed oil in a saucer and, dipping a finger in the oil, rub the painting gently. It will require time and patience, but the effect will repay you. Artists say that in cleaning a painting nothing but the fingers dipped in oil or in water should be used.

Traveling Toilet Apron.

A toilet apron is a pretty idea for a gift to the friend who is to make a journey by sea or by land. The apron is made of heavy linen, its turned-up pockets either plainly bound on the edges or feather-boned, which are to hold all the small toilet necessities always slipping away when wanted in the ordinary traveling case or bag. If one has plenty of time and cares to take the trouble, all the edges of this dainty apron can be scalloped with wash silks or cotton, and a line of embroidery follow the scallops. Rows of feather stitching can separate the pockets, and there may be several sizes so divided. One for hairpins, one for back combs, another for the dressing comb; one for the small hat brush and one for the powder puff in its chamois case.

THREE STYLES FOR TAN SHOES.



Natural Pongee.

Here is an ideal suit for a young matron. The material is natural tone pongee and the little pointed vest and bands are brown silk, as are the narrow plaited ruffles on elbow sleeves.

The skirt is laid in plaits to corset depth with a deep gathered ruffle at the front. Extra fullness is given to the overskirt by an added ruffle plaited at the top, which extends around the sides and back of the skirt.

The full sleeve is almost covered by shaped pieces held together on the outer arm by brown cord and buttons.

Helpful Salt Bath.

The pale, anæmic woman will find the salt bath, prepared as follows, somewhat helpful on dragging summer days: Dissolve forty grams of gelatin in a quart of boiling water; add 100 grams of subcarbonate of soda and fifty grams of sulphate of potassium. Mix thoroughly and pour into a hot bath.

Tonic for Thin People.

A teaspoonful of olive oil is an excellent tonic for thin people. It is very good for a sallow complexion, as it acts directly on the liver. Taken for costiveness, it is very good, as it acts on the bowels without producing any griping pains.

For Vegetable Stains on Hands.

Rub stain on hands made from vegetables with tomato. If out of season, use a little canned tomato. This is better than lemon.

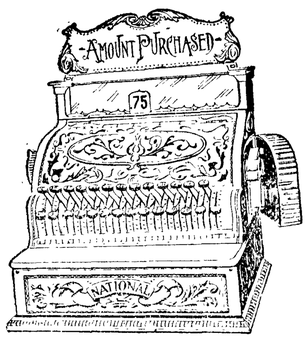
A Hair Dressing

Nearly every one likes a fine hair dressing. Something to make the hair more manageable; to keep it from being too rough, or from splitting at the ends. Something, too, that will feed the hair at the same time, a regular hair-food. Well-fed hair will be strong, and will remain where it belongs—on the head, not on the comb!

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.



WE NOW SELL CASH REGISTERS in all popular styles and makes

CHEAPER THAN EVER. WHY?

BECAUSE WE DO NOT BELONG TO THE TRUST.

WE ARE INDEPENDENT CASH REGISTER DEALERS BUCKING THE TRUST.

We handle all popular makes of cash registers, both **NEW** and **SECOND-HAND** at about **ONE-HALF** the monopoly company's **PRICES.**

HOW CAN WE DO IT?

The **TRUST** sets aside **HALF THE PRICE** of the register to pay the expenses of the agency and commissions to sales agents.

WE DO NOT.

The **TRUST**, at **INFLATED PRICES**, sells on the installment plan.

WE DO NOT.

The **TRUST** must keep up an **EXPENSIVE ORGANIZATION** for the purpose of freezing out competition.

WE DO NOT.

For we have no competition selling cheaper than we do.

WE SELL AT THE TRUE, NOT AT AN INFLATED PRICE.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

If you do not care to **THROW** your money away to help fatten the **TRUST**, you will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call at our store and **SEE**; or, if you cannot do that, to **WRITE** to us, stating your requirements.

You may take it for granted that we will give more time to the study of your wants and try to give you better satisfaction in order to secure recommendation. than would the **TRUST**, which, boasting of its monopoly which it does not enjoy, studies nobody—but its own pocket.

Write for our catalog and full information.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

Call on or Write to

THE SUNDWALL COMPANY, Inc.

Independent Cash Register Dealers
Phones: Sunset Main 1180; Independent 697
609 FIRST AVE., SEATTLE, WASH.

Stick-Candy Days.

I want to go back to the stick-candy days
Before they made bonbons of chocolate and glaze;
I want to go back to the dear little shop
Where the little old lady sold ginger-beer pop,
And made little cookies with raisins, that went
Like lightning because they were two for a cent!

I know the green street where the little shop stood,
And, oh, the stick candy, it tasted so good!
Lemon and wintergreen, cinnamon bar,
Each in its round little, fat little jar—
I see through the shadows of childhood the glint
Of the sassafras, hoarhound, and white peppermint!

There was everton taffy around Christmas time,
With its delicate essence of nutmeggy rime;
And sourballs and doughnuts and huge candy toys
For that life of the child that was builded of joys!
Ah, dear little shop on the green little street,
I want to go back to those days that were sweet!

A bell that went jingle hung over the door,
So they knew when a customer entered the store,
And sometimes the little old lady came in
With her hands full of dough from the breadmaking tin,
But ever her heart and her gentle face smiled
On the timid young spirit of dear little child!

In flytime the window was covered with net
And under wire baskets the cake plates were set;
Sometimes to add glory to life's fleeting gleam,
She sold little plates of vanilla ice cream.
While schooldays brought forth on her counter, ah, me,
Those cucumber pickles of childhood's young glee!

—Baltimore Sun.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining room, sleeping room and all places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. **Harold Somers,** 149 DeKalb ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR THE Illustrated Catalogue SEND TO THE Acme Business College Seattle Wash. Shorthand Bookkeeping

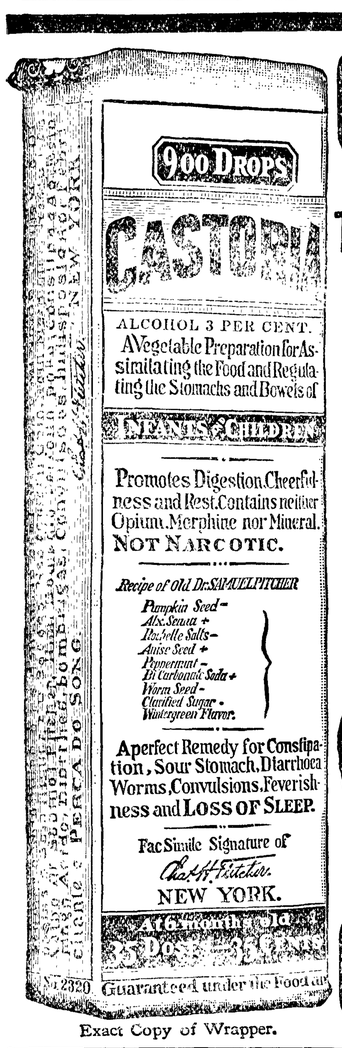
Fruit Filling for Cake.

Cook together in boiling water half a cup of seeded raisins and half as many candied cherries until the fruit plumps out nicely. Turn out all the water, chop the fruit, season with lemon juice and then return to the liquid in which the fruit was boiled and add enough powdered sugar to make the mixture spread easily and keep stiff.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila, Pa.

Baked Tomatoes.

Wipe firm tomatoes, cut a little piece from the top of each, fit into this a round of American cheese, and lay a bit of butter on top. Dust with salt and pepper, set side by side in a roasting pan, pour a little salted water or weak stock about the base of the tomatoes and bake until tender, then transfer carefully to a hot dish.



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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Speak Kindly to Your Wife

Everything had gone wrong in the house that day.

The cleaning was only half done, the place was upside down, the butcher's boy came late, the dinner was miserably cooked.

She expected him to be cross. He had every right to be cross, she knew. She had mismanaged everything. She was just a failure.

And she threw her arms around his neck, sobbing.

But the man was more of a man than she thought. He did not speak one unpleasant word. He did not utter a single syllable of blame. He did not even frown the least bit.

Instead, he put his arms around her and held her close, and said:

"Cheer up, little woman. It's all right."

It might have been because he disliked a scene, but it wasn't. It might have been because he understood that disagreeable words would not make things any better, but it wasn't that, either.

It was because he was a man with a heart big enough to know the magic of a kind word.

Poets and authors have written volumes about kind words, but none of them nor all of them have ever come anywhere near expressing all the beauty, all the power, all the comfort that lives in one little word of kindness.

The world was a different place to that woman. Her tiredness vanished. Her tears were dried. Her disappointment in herself was taken away. Her love for her husband was magnified a thousandfold. There was only sunshine where there had been clouds.

It was a little bit of heaven for her.

And it cost the man—nothing.—Cincinnati Post.

MAN AND THE BETTING GAME.

He Who "Plays a System" at the Race Track Is Certain to Love.

Here is an interesting letter:

"I play the nags once in a while. I think I have a pretty fair system and was just thinking of trying it when I ran across an article which caused me to hesitate. If a man sticks to his system, has control of himself and is not a hog, but satisfied with a modest wager, is there no chance of success? Do you think it impossible to win by a system? If there any reason why a man cannot keep decent and still play the game?"

Ever since Diomed won the first Derby in England system after system has been devised for "beating the races," says the New York Press. No system—not a single one—has ever succeeded in the long run. I have figured out that there are twenty-seven chances to one against you always in a field of ten horses. The best system ever known is at the mercy of the betting ring. There are not bookmakers enough in the United States to lay against a system. Several years ago a man started with a $5 bet, doubled it after each loss and returned to the original $5 after each winning. For a while he prospered amazingly, playing nothing but the favorite, but in the end he went broke.

If a man with a system could bet against the United States treasury he could win. At Sheepshead Bay fourteen favorites lost in succession. The fifteenth started at odds of 3 to 1 and was an easy winner. Now, figure out the predicament of the man with the system. Starting with $5 and doubling after each loss he found it necessary to go into the ring and bet the sum of $81,920. He stood then a loser of $81,945. If he could have bet on the fifteenth favorite he would have had at issue over $163,000. Now, anybody who knows the betting ring knows that it would be utterly impossible for a dozen Joe Vendigs to place practically $82,000 at 3 to 1. But—if it could have been placed the system man would have won $246,000.

Minnie's Sincere Prayer.

There had been a dressmaker in the house and Minnie had listened to long discussions about the very latest fashions. That night when she said her prayers, she added a new petition, uttered with unwonted fervency:

"And, dear Lord, please make us all very stylish."

The new neighbors next door always turn out better than their furniture looks when it arrives on a wagon.

Some people look for faults in every one they meet as if they believed nothing else was worth finding.

SLAVES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

House in Which They Were Sold Relic of Town of Hanover.

A relic of slavery days in New England in the middle of the eighteenth century, the old Tilden house on Winter street, West Hanover, the only house in that town where slaves were kept for market, is now being demolished, says the Boston Herald.

The house is one of the best-known landmarks in Plymouth County and has stood for nearly 200 years. It was used as a tavern in its early days and later for a residence. Of recent years it has been abandoned to the elements and has rapidly fallen into decay.

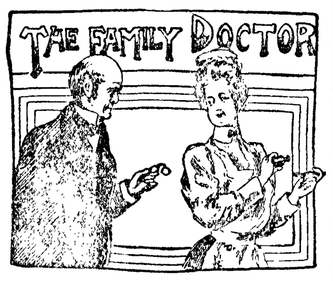
No one knows the exact date of the building of the house, but historians agree that it was long before the incorporation of the town of Hanover in 1727.

Jedediah Dwelley, of North Hanover, who has spent much time in gathering facts concerning the early history of the town, says: "While there was more or less buying and selling of slaves (as in the middle of the eighteenth century nearly all the wealthy families owned one or more) this probably was the only place where the traffic was carried on for revenue. I have seen two bills of slaves sold from this house. One was from Job Tilden to a Mr. Bailey, of Scituate, a negro child named Morrow, 9 years of age, of good bodily health and a kind disposition."

One of Mr. Tilden's slaves named Cuffee served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and according to an old pay roll he was stationed at Hull, March 1, 1777. He was with Col. Bailey and died at Valley Forge. He was known as Cuffee Tilden and was so inscribed on the printed rolls.

The books of the First Congregational Church of Hanover record the marriage by the Rev. Benjamin Bass on Feb. 8, 1751, of Jack and Billah, servants owned by Job Tilden, and also the death of a negro boy owned by Job Tilden, Feb. 12, 1760.

There are many other brief records of slaves kept in different families in Hanover.



Blood Poisoning.

By the term blood-poisoning is meant the presence in the blood of the germs of putrefaction or suppuration, or of the poisonous products of these germs. It is necessary to define the expression at the beginning, for strictly speaking every form of poisoning, including alcoholic intoxication, is blood-poisoning.

There are three distinct forms of blood-poisoning. In one the germs of putrefaction are circulating in the blood and manufacturing their poison, upon which the symptoms of the disease depend; in the second the blood-contained germs are those which cause pus-formation, and they also manufacture a poison which produces the disease; in the third form the bacteria, either of putrefaction or of suppuration, are not in the blood but on the surface of the body, and the symptoms are due to the absorption of the poison elaborated by them.

The toxin, as this bacteria-produced poison is called, is in this last instance imported, while in the first two cases mentioned it is, as it were, of domestic manufacture—therefore obtained more easily and in greater quantity.

These three forms are called in medical language, septemia, pyemia and sapremia, respectively, meaning septic germs in the blood, pus in the blood, and the products of putrefaction in the blood.

The pyemic form is characterized by irregular chills, fever and sweating, and the formation of abscesses in various parts of the body. It is very commonly fatal. Septemia resembles pyemia in its symptoms, except that the fever is more continuous, not being interrupted by chills as it is in pyemia, and there is no formation of abscesses. The severer forms of septemia are almost always fatal, but the disease occurs often in milder type, in which the chief symptoms are high fever, headache, and depression of the vital forces.

Sapremia resembles septemia in its symptoms, as it naturally should, since both these forms of blood-poisoning are caused by the same poison, in one case formed outside of the body and absorbed by the tissues, in the other produced by the bacteria in the blood and tissues. Sapremia may terminate fatally, but it yields more readily to treatment. This consists in management of the wound, opening it up to the air, cutting away the festering parts, cleansing the surface thoroughly, and treating it with antiseptics.

When Life Is Wasted.

Life is wasted every time one gives away to gloomy, selfish, angry or revengeful thoughts; when resentment or a grudge against man or fate is allowed to find root in the heart; when the temper is let fly loose over a trifle; when one goes to pieces nervously when obliged to repeat a remark and the voice is allowed to rise in anger; when one forgets that a loose temper is a sign of vulgarity and lack of culture.—Philadelphia Press.

Here is a stereotyped remark you hear frequently from croakers: "Did you ever see so much sickness?"

CATARRH BLOOD DISEASED AND SYSTEM DISORDERED

Catarrh is not merely an inflammation of the tissues of the head and throat, as the symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, continual hawking and spitting, etc., would seem to indicate; it is a blood disease in which the entire circulation and the greater part of the system are involved. Catarrh is due to the presence of an excess of uric acid in the blood. The Liver, Kidneys and Bowels frequently become torpid and dull in their action and instead of carrying off the refuse and waste of the body, leave it to sour and form uric acid in the system. This is taken up by the blood and through its circulation distributed to all parts of the system. These impurities in the blood irritate and inflame the different membranes and tissues of the body, and the contracting of a cold will start the secretions and other disgusting and disagreeable symptoms of Catarrh. As the blood goes to all parts of the body the catarrhal poison affects all parts of the system. The head has a tight, full feeling, nose continually stopped up, pains above the eyes, slight fever comes and goes, the stomach is upset and the entire system disordered and affected by this disease. It is a waste of time to try to cure Catarrh with sprays, washes, inhalations, etc. Such treatment does not reach the blood, and can, therefore, do nothing more than temporarily relieve the discomfort of the trouble. To cure Catarrh permanently the blood must be thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all poisons, and at the same time strengthened and built up. Nothing equals S. S. S. for this purpose. It attacks the disease at its head, goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. removes every particle of the catarrhal poison from the blood, making this vital stream pure, fresh and healthy. Then the inflamed membranes begin to heal, the head is loosened and cleared, the hawking and spitting cease, every symptom disappears, the constitution is built up and vigorous health restored. S. S. S. also tones up the stomach and digestion and acts as a fine tonic to the entire system. If you are suffering with Catarrh begin the use of S. S. S. and write us a statement of your case and our physicians will send you literature about Catarrh, and give you special medical advice without charge. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores.

I had Catarrh for about fifteen years, and no man could have been worse. I tried everything I could hear of, but no good resulted. I then began S. S. S., and could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and after taking it a short while was cured. This was six years ago, and I am as well today as any man. I think Catarrh is a blood disease, and know there is nothing on earth better for the blood than S. S. S. Nobody thinks more of S. S. S. than I do. M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.00 & $3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD

SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

$25,000 Reward *To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make & sell more Men's $3 & $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.*

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively

My $4 Gilt Edge and $5 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take **No Substitute.** Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. **W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.**

The H. F. NORTON CO. HIDES, LEATHER and SHOE FINDINGS . .

Prompt Cash Returns for Consignments of Hides, Pelts, Wool and Furs at Full Market Value. Write for price list and shipping tags to Department B.

206 Third Avenue South . . . SEATTLE, WASH.

BANKING BY MAIL

O. Granrud, Pres. W. H. Pringle, Cash.

SCANDINAVIAN COMMERCIAL . . . and . . . SAVINGS BANK

Warburton Building, 1102 Commerce St.

TACOMA

Remedy for Ants.

It is said that an effectual cure for the ants that are the bane of many a good housekeeper is to melt together in an earthenware vessel a quarter of a pound of sulphur and two ounces of potash. When cold pulverize and sprinkle in the haunts of the sluggard's example. If the ants will not flee from this mixture, be very sure the housekeeper will during the somewhat choky melting process

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Crossed the Border.

(Extract from a lady's letter)—We must have been traveling very fast, for in the morning all the people were swearing at us in German and early in the afternoon they began to swear at us in Italian.—Simplicissimus.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Dark Outlook for Doctors.

The simple life needs simple food. Bread-and-butter days are returning, and there will be fewer calls for the doctor.—American Medicine.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, New York.

With all due respect to the Chicago professors, the story of Methuselah living to be 969 years old is not so unreasonable. Remember, there were no doctors, no health foods and no automobiles in those days.

DE KOVEN HALL

A select boarding school for boys. Located on the prairie, eight miles south of Tacoma, on Lake Steilacoom. Pure water wholesome food and outdoor exercise. Modern buildings. Instruction thorough and personal. Prepares for college or business life.

Fall term begins Sept. 12, '07. For particulars and full information, address D. S. Pulford, Prin., South Tacoma, Wash., R. F. D.

This Handsome Window 36x40 and 16x40 Best Fir $3.00

YOU CAN DO Better Here

Ainslie Boyd Co.

6th Ave. & Pine St. Seattle

The mail order sash and door house

GOLDEN WEST COFFEE TEA SPICES BAKING POWDER EXTRACTS JUST RIGHT A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE CLOSSET & DEVERS PORTLAND, ORE.

Tickets To and From Europe

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THE Chilberg Agency

Basement Mutual Life Bldg., SEATTLE

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Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1907

INVESTIGATE COAL MINES

More than Likely the Freshwater Bay Coal Fields, Just West of Angeles, Will Be Developed at an Early Date.

"The coal mine near East Clallam which was located over fifty years ago by Port Townsend people, among whom was James Seavey, may pass into hands of San Francisco capitalists," says the Townsend Call. "A party, among whom was Mr. Huston, head of the coal mines department of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, went down on the Bellingham Friday to investigate the property."

"After considerel development work had been done, in those early days, the property passed into the hands of California people who expended about $300,000 in sinking shafts, etc., and succeeded in shipping a few cargoes of coal which proved to be first class. About the time the company had expended all its money the shaft became flooded, coal mines were opened at other points on the coast and as the demand was limited the property was allowed to pass into the hands of residents of British Columbia who had advanced money to the old company. They finally abandoned the mine.

"Messrs. O'Brien and Barnett of Port Angeles, and their company, who have taken up the work of development, have made a very good showing and will be able to ship coal this fall on a limited scale. Their operations have been closely watched by capitalists and hence the reports of their success in opening and pumping out the old mine have attracted the California men to the scene for the purpose of investigation.

"The opening of a coal mine at East Clallam will be a big thing for that part of the state. Coal can be delivered in San Francisco at less expense than from Seattle and Tacoma. As the bay is near the entrance of the straits ships can sail in and out, thereby saving considerable in the course of a year. A paying coal mine will hasten the building of railroads and in a short time make one of the leading shipping points on the Pacific coast."

Mr. O'Brien, while in the city Tuesday employing additional help for the mine, stated it was not their intention to dispose of their holdings at Clallam, but that the Frisco people owned rights on about 2,000 acres at Freshwater which they had purchased some years ago, and were interested in the development work as an indication of the value of their own holdings.

Three of the eastern stockholders of the Clallam mines—one coming from Alabama and two from Colorado, men who had made their money from coal mines in the former state—were at the mines last week looking over the work so far done, and expressed themselves as being greatly pleased with the quality of the coal and the amount of development work accomplished for the money so far invested.

Judge Morris of Seattle returned from an outing at the lakes Monday, so well pleased with Clallam's popular summer resort that he purchased two lots of E. E. Day on Lake Crescent, where he will build a summer home in time for next season's vacation.

For Sale or Rent—A nice dwelling house on Front St., between Eunice and Francis; household furniture, fine range, washing machine—run by water power, for price of ordinary machine. Call on H. E. Risley or 'phone 76-2 rings.

Mr. Kean of the Real Estate Mart has purchased the Lockhart residence on Eighth street, opposite the hospital. Mr. Lockhart has removed to the residence at the corner of Eighth and Chase.

J. C. Hansen

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Phone 38

THE COFFEE POT ASSUMES A NEW PLACE IN YOUR ESTIMATION WHEN IT BREWS THE DELICIOUS CHASE & SANBORN'S HIGH GRADE COFFEE

Seal Brand 2 lbs for 75c
Perfection Blend 30c the lb.
Triple Blend 25c the pound.

The right kind of tea possesses that delicious flavor, clear, rich, pleasing color and invigorating healthful effect CHASE & SANBORN'S PACKAGE TEAS are the right kind

E.B. Tea in bulk 50c lb.
E.B. Tea in pkgs. 70c
Formosa Oolong 35c a pkg.
Orange Pekoe 35c pkg.
Japan Tea 30c pkg.
Indian Chief Jap, 25c pkg.

All Grades of Bulk Teas

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Phone 38

A few days ago the school house on Pine Hill presented a very much improved appearance in a new coat of paint, and last week the Central building on First street came out in a handsome and becoming new suit, and is being enclosed by a neat fence.

The school board has shown wisdom in improving and beautifying these buildings and grounds. Strangers coming to our city will receive a more favorable impression as to the progressiveness and prosperity of our schools, on seeing buildings nicely painted, grounds fenced and beautified with shrubbery and flowers. Our teachers and pupils are encouraged to do better work, and every citizen of Port Angeles who has a good circulation of pure blood above the collar—and we believe this applies to everyone of our good people—will be proud of the good work. May it go on.

A SUBSCRIBER.

You take no chances in ordering Holly Flour. Call up No. 5; they will send you a sack to try; you will not return it.

For your outing

We have everything in the way of Fishing Tackle, including the best makes of Rods and Reels, at prices that will save you money.

Cameras of every size and style, both the Premo and the Kodak. Tripods, Developing Tanks, Lanterns, etc. Plates, Films, Film Packs, Chemicals and Papers.

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 Mail your Orders

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

Tuesday, the 13th day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment; present, Commissioners Lauridsen and Erickson and Auditor Hawkins.

The minutes of July 1st, 3rd and 6th, 1907, were read and approved.

The petition of Harvey Lesure, et al. for a change in county road on Beaver prairie, and protest of F. M. Ackerly, et al., against the same, received; the Board laid the matter over for investigation.

The Board appointed Gus Lotzen County Game Warden, to fill the unexpired term of A. E. Cox, deceased.

The Board authorized the Auditor to issue warrants in the matter of the contracts with Isbel & Coventon, Nels Nelson and Seth Tuttle, on presentation of the County Engineer's estimates of work done and money due on said contracts.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims on Road and Bridge District No. 2, and ordered warrants d awn for same.

Ed Woods, labor	$ 2 50
P. B. Chambers and team, labor	7 50
Joe Hottowe, labor	5 00
Lee Hottowe, labor	7 50
Chas. Watts, labor	15 00
J. D. Kilmer. labor	2 50
Joe Pearson, labor	88 00
L. G. McBurney and team, labor	28 50
C. A. Skavdal, labor	25 00
W. S. Eacrett, team, labor	4 00
Wm. Stewart, labor	25 00
Oscar Williamson, labor	20 00
R. D. Willson Hdw. Co., labor	2 25
R. N. Wilson, rent of house and board	40 00

The Board examined and allowed the following claims on Road and Bridge District No. 3, and ordered warrants drawn for same.

Frank Whipple, labor	$60 00
George Austin, labor	66 00
Chas. Wynne, labor	63 00
Wm. Whipple and team, labor	61 75
John Whipple, labor	60 00
Bert Fogelsong, labor	19 90
H. P. Taylor, labor	18 65
John Youchinsky, labor	29 90
J M. McCue, labor	12 50
Henry Carpenter, labor	29 90
Peter Pearson, labor	20 90
F E Wheeler, labor	36 90
Jesse Miller, labor	5 00
H P Taylor, labor	41 25
John Youchinsky, labor	40 00
Henry Carpenter, labor	50 00
Peter Pearson, labor	15 00
Jesse Miller, labor	46 25
F E Wheeler, labor	59 50
James Harriott, labor	15 00
A J Batchelder, labor	5 00
James Stickles, labor	5 00
F W Nourse, labor	22 75
I T Wesseler, labor	19 50
L K Ahlstrom, labor	6 00
Peet Roose, packing for camp	32 25
F W Nourse, labor	71 75
J Potier, labor	54 30
J J Wesseler, labor	53 25
Andrew Carlson, labor	55 00
L K Ahlstrom, labor	55 25
Frank Brand, labor	56 00
P A Peterson, labor	42 50
Ernest Erickson, labor	19 25
L K Ahlstrom, team	12 00
Mrs M S Trask, cook	40 00
Joe Stange, labor	18 90
Otto Pontine, labor	12 00
A Fernandes and team, labor	20 70
John A Green, Supr, labor	35 00
Wm Stange, labor	2 40
P Petterson, labor	9 00
H Buckman, labor, etc	16 00
John Gough, labor	12 00
Wm Stovall, labor	2 10
H Poole, team, etc	14 60
Amond Orsett, labor	6 00
C A Hanson, labor	3 00
John Mike, labor	10 00
William Mike, labor	8 00
Henry James, labor	10 00
Harry Colby, labor	12 00
C A Hanson, labor	3 00
Amond Orsett, labor	10 50
A Fairservice, supplies, freight	55 05
McIvor & Swanson, blacksmithing	9 45
F W Nourse, powder, etc	528 07
Wm Whipple, powder, etc	112 72
Mrs John Youchinsky, cook	9 00
C Peterson, groceries	20 05
Arthur Ahlvers, meat	6 10
F E Wheeler, packing	10 30
Anders Nylund, labor	37 50
Ernest Erickson, labor	33 00
Anders Nylund, labor	30 00
Ernest Erickson, labor	37 50
J M Dewell, labor	5 10
Henry Borseth, labor	36 00

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on Road and Bridge District No. 4:

W G Young, labor	30 00
Geo Woodruff, labor	30 00
O A Wentworth and team, labor	11 00
J S Maxfield (team), labor	6 25
John Von Bossche, labor	6 00
August Bark, labor	3 00
G F Hutsell, labor	6 00
Peterson Kawish, labor	6 00
Henry Hudson, labor	6 00
Jack Ward, labor	3 00
J S Anderson and team, labor	35 75
C W Grader, labor	3 00
Perry Ward, labor	21 60
A Scott, labor	19 50
Charles Palmer and team, labor	2 50
Esaw Penn, labor	18 00
James Kay, labor	20 10
John J Donaldson, labor	6 00
J F LeGear, labor	3 00
Joe Marsh and team, labor	5 50
C B Sippy, labor	3 00
Geo Clark, labor	27 00
Geo Brooks, labor	7 50
Joe Marsh and team, labor	30 80
Henry Marshall, Supr, labor	28 00
C B Sippy and team, labor	16 25
T E Donaldson, labor	8 10
J F LeGear, labor	8 10
John J Donaldson, labor	9 30
J S Maxfield and team, labor	16 50
G F Hutsell, labor	9 00
Harry Maxfield, labor	9 00
John VonBosche, labor	15 00
Henry Marshall, powder and supplies	311 70
Martin Raun, hauling freight	3 25

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the Bridge Fund for same:

Al Isom, labor, (Upper Solduck Bridge)	15 00
M Thompson, labor (Upper Solduck Bridge)	21 00
J O F Anderson, labor (Upper Solduck Bridge)	19 50
J S Anderson, labor (Upper Solduck Bridge)	40 00
Oscar Peterson, labor (Upper Solduck Bridge)	16 50
Gallagher & Nichols, hauling lumber	16 50
Filion Mill & Lumber Co., lumber	25 20
Filion Mill & Lumber Co., lumber	12 00
Filion Mill & Lumber Co., lumber	8 50

The Board adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment.

All members being present.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on road and bridge district No. 1:

Wm. Wooding, supr. labor	$ 6 00
C. E. Attwood contract	85 60
Hile Jacobs labor	2 50
Wm O'Brien labor	2 50
James Sanford labor	3 00

Continued on page 8.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

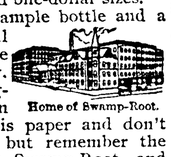
Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patient and physicians, *who content themselves with doctoring the effects*, while the *original disease* undermines the system.

What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 463

In the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for Clallam county:

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company, a Corporation, Plaintiff.

vs.

L. Ballou,

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, Defendants.

State of Washington to L. Ballou, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company, is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2333 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (SW 1 4 SE 1-4 SW 1-4) of section three (3) in township thirty [30] north of range seven [7] west of Willamette Meridian.

That said certificate was issued on the 5th day of July 1907, for the sum of $70.77 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1892 to 1896 inclusive; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 12th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co., Plaintiff.

Trumbull & Trumbull, Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.

Date of first publication, Jul. 12, 1907

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL

E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4. Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

NO. 6074

OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.

C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT
J. P CHRISTENSEN, CASHIER

Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

CASH MEAT MARKET

Pollow & Nichols, Proprietors.

Orders for anything in the line of fresh and salt meats and vegetables promptly filled with the best to be had.

Phone 17. Market next to Gray & Henderson's.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

PHONES
LAFLOWER 108
McKEE 105
CITY OFFICE 7

LADY ATTENDANTS

C. F. MERRITT, Manager City Office

PHONES
Market 8. Residence 162-3

Schott Brothers

wholesale and retail dealers in

Fresh and Salt Meats

Poultry & Vegetables

Orders by Phone or the Children receive prompt attention and satisfaction is guaranteed

West Front St., Port Angeles

A. D. WOLVERTON

CARPENTER AND BUILDER

Band Sawing and Turning
Cresting and Porch work
Grilles Made to Order
Shop 7th & Oak Sts

A. D. WILLSON

Undertaker

AND

Embalmer

17 Years Practical Experience.

FIRST ST.

EAST OF LAUREL. PORT ANGELES

Bank of Clallam County

Established April, 1895

Transacts a General Banking Business

H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

H. C. MILLER

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Lists Any Property for Sale or Rent.

PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

New ranges at Baker's; cheapset and best.

Vacation Time

Is a year round pleasure when you take a Kodak with you

We have a full line of Eastman's Kodaks, Films and Chemicals

Fishing Tackle

We can fit you out with anything in this line, also give you some good suggestions in your selections

TROLLING OUTFITS

For the Lakes a SPECIALTY

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. **Mail Orders Are Solicited.**

If you are going to buy a dinner set, see Baker.

George Covey, wife and son Harry left Wednesday for their former home in Iowa.

Messrs. A. A. Richardson and W. T. Crosby are spending a week fishing at Beaver Lake.

A new line of Royal Worcester Corsets now in. The corset that gives a stylish form to the figure.
Lucretia H. Peddicord.

C. J. Farmer of the Telephone and Telegraph Co., has given notice of long distance connection with Seattle, which is a valuable privilege to citizens of this community.

"Economy" Fruit Jars, cost more, because they are better than other fruit jars. $1.00 the dozen for pints; $1.25 for qts. and $1.50 for ½ gals. At Seevers Cash Store.

T. S. BROPHY & CO.

Phone 33

TRY US

For Your Grocery Wants

High Grade Goods Only

Courteous Treatment to All

Money Back if Not Satisfactory

Your Patronage Will Be Appreciated

T. S. Brophy & Co.

Opera House Block

Bargains in all Summer Millinery at Miss Peddicord's.

"Summer Sausage" 25c the pound at Seevers Cash Store.

C. P. Brown was a business visitor upsound, returning Tuesday.

W. E. Burnside visited the Quillayute country this week, on business for the county.

"Barrington Hall" beats them all, the coffee line. Seevers sells it at 40c the pound, two pounds for 75c.

Miss Peddicord returned Tuesday from Seattle, where she had been looking up the latest styles in millinery.

Mr. and Mrs. Coble returned Tuesday from their wedding trip. They visited a number of places but have not as yet decided as to their future home.

Wm. Ritchie and wife arrived home on Saturday last from a ten days' absence. Mr. Ritchie attended to some business matters at Pendleton, Ore., Pasco and Spokane, Wash., and Vancouver, B. C., while absent.

To the Reader.—If any one tells you J. Steadman has no watches for sale, but some old second-hand watches he bought of Jos. Brown in Chicago, don't you believe it; come and see for yourself.

Dr. T. J. Appleton returned Tuesday from a business and pleasure trip east of the mountains, visiting Ritzville and Kennewick. The weather was very warm and the Doctor was more than pleased to be home again and enjoy the sea breeze.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Beam gave a delightful outing to a few friends on Tuesday for their guest, Mrs. Frank Lee, Dairy, Ore. A ride on the bay in Mr. Fulmer's launch Dorothy, a picnic dinner on the spit, and a short season of salmon fishing were among the pleasures of the day.

Chief Forest Ranger Fred Hansen, of Hoodsport, Wn., spent last week inspecting ranches and new settlers' locations on the government forest reserve in this locality. His assistants, L. A. Harris and Chris Morganvotte and two helpers assisted.

"Pop Corn" Starch 10c, 3 for 25c, at Seevers Cash Store.

How many more times are you going to say "Next year" whenever the wife or daughter raises the piano question? Do them justice, have a talk with us and you will find but a very small effort is required to place one of the finest artistic pianos in your home today. Sherman, Clay & Co., old Clallam County Bank building.

New Fall Goods are

Arriving Daily

The Finest Line of Furniture We Have Ever Shown

Beautiful Designs and Superior Finish

Sideboards, Buffets, Dressers, Dining Tables and Dining Chairs, Iron Beds, Mattresses and Springs of every size and description. Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums and Oilcloths.

Plows and Harrows for Fall Work. All the Best Makes Carried in Stock.

Oliver Plows, J. I. Case Plows, Rock Island Plows, Syracuse Plows, Disc Harrows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Spike Tooth Harrows, steel frame, Scotch Harrows, etc.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

NEW STONE BUILDING

CITY NEWS

Baker & Son, phone 117.

"Quaker" Corn Meal, 15c the pkg, Seevers Cash Store.

Mrs. J. J. McDonald is a Seattle visitor this week.

If you want to buy, sell or trade see Baker.

If you want the best sewing machine on earth see Baker.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Carlisle returned Saturday from a trip upsound.

Miss Helen Dahlin was among the ecxursionists Sunday, for a home visit.

I. I. Kirchberg retured last Saturday from a three weeks business trip to Frisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Waite left Wednesday evening for a visit in Seattle.

Del Griswold came on the excursion Sunday for a friendly call with acquaintances.

House plants and cut flowers at the Angeles greenhouse, corner 10th and Lincoln. 24-4t

"Taganrok" The best Imoprted Macaroni, 20c or two for 35c at Seevers Cash Store.

A lady who has used only a Minnesota flour now says "Holly Flour is good enough for me."

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Jones, of Seattle, are guests at the home of Asst. P. M. Tucker and family.

Lost—Last Wednesday, a Winchester rifle, between Port Angeles and Kale. Leave at McNutt's blacksmith shop.

The ladies of the Lutheran Church will serve tea and coffee Wednesday afternoon of next week, at the parsonage on 11th and Cherry streets.

Miss Della E. Harvey will depart tomorrow evening for her home in Dayton, Ohio. Later she will resume her studies at Oxford College.

Prof. I. L. Ullery is home from his studies at the Washington University, better than ever prepared to resume his duties as principal of our high school in September.

L. E. Doyle, while running lines for John Ord near the mouth of Little River on Monday of last week, shot three large bear which were feeding on berries in the river bottom. Mr. Ord sent the skins to Seattle to be mounted.

C. E. Fulmer towed a boom of logs, estimated to contain 50,000 feet, from the spit across the bay the other day, proving that his little craft is all right when it comes to a heavy pull, as well as an excursion boat for Sunday schools, picnics, etc.

Dr. and Mrs. Allen Greenwood of Boston were Angeles arrivals last week, coming for a short visit with their Old Bay State friends, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Craig. Like many other visitors they have been more than agreeably surprised with Port Angeles' salubrious climate, the scenic beauty of her mountains, as well as her commercial advantges, and promise a visit to our city again in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. O.H. Smith of Greencastle, Ind., arrived last Saturday for a visit with their son, A.A.Smith, and wife. Mr. Smith is associated with his son Harry in the newspaper business, "The Banner." Mr. and Mrs. Smith left last evening for Seattle where they visit their daughter, Mrs. H. E. Lippman; from there they return to their home.

Mrs. E. E. Day and Mrs. H. Babcock were hostesses at a card party at the Merchants last Friday afternoon in honor of their sister, Mrs. Fred C. Howe of St. Paul. The afternoon was passed at cards, Mrs. Dr. Mathews carrying off the prize; light refreshments were served, Mrs. Howe, son Archie and daughter Marion, after a two months visis with relatives, left on Sunday evening for their home in St. Paul.

Mr. and T.rs. Geo. C. Covey and son Harry were the special guests of honor at a picnic given at Civic Park Sunday, which was well attended by friends and relatives and past employers, there being about seventy-five present. The Coveys came about eighteen months ago from their home at Sigourney, Iowa, for a visit with relatives, the J. J. McDonald family. Mr. Covey was so well pleased with the country and climate that he bought property and they have resided here since; on Wednesday evening they departed for their home in the east that Harry might finish his education, school beginning September 1st.

Since Waite Bros. put a donkey engine in the woods last fall, Mr Covey has been their engineer, giving the best of satisfaction, and could be relied upon. This is along the line of work Mr. C. is especially adapted, having run the pumping station at his home town in the east for ten years prior to coming to the coast. He expects to be with us again in about two years.

No guess work here. When such great masters as Rubenstein, Liszt, Wagner, Paderewski, Gabrilowitsch, Burmeister, etc., have pronounced our Piano the best and most satisfying to cultured musical taste, you will doubtless feel safe in assuming those same Pianos will satisfy you. Sherman, Clay & Co., old Clallam Bank Bldg.

NEW FALL STOCK NOW READY

Mrs. Phelps Dry Goods Store Showing the Latest Styles in Women's Wear.

Our new fall stock of Ladies' and Children's Dress and Street Hats is now complete and will be on display ready for your inspection next Wednesday. Every hat shown is of the latest style, the workmanship is superior, and the prices very reasonable.

New shapes in Caps, very becoming.

A full line of Ladies' and Children's Coats; also all kinds of Bear Coats.

Ladies' fine Tailored Skirts.

Full line Wool and Silk Waistings.

The latest in Braids and French Dress Trimmings.

Big line of Table Linens and Towels.

Latest designs in Cushion Covers.

New Wool and Cotton Blankets, 12-4s wide.

Mrs. Phelps Dry Goods and Millinery Store.

Mrs. H. Gutenberg was a Seattle visitor this week.

Miss Flora Stakemiller returned Thursday from a two week's visit in Seattle.

The gasoline engine for Geo. Myers' launch has arrived and will soon be installed.

John Willson returned yesterday from a visit with his sister, Mrs. R. McClinton of Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Christensen returned yesterday from a two weeks' visit to upsound points.

E. W. Merrill & Co. are trimming up the open space above their shelving in a very artistic manner.

Mrs. A. Goldwater and daughter Sadie returned yesterday from Seattle. Mrs. Goldwater was looking after new stock and latest styles.

Mr. A.W. Balch and Miss Bessie Brackett, both of Seguin, were granted a marriage license August 17th. They were united in marriage by Rev. McNamee.

The Theo. A. Jensen concert, to be given Saturday evening, the 24th, will begin promptly at 8:30. Those coming late will have to wait till the number is finished.

Big Bill Williams of Jamestown, now camping at the mouth of Ennis creek, was fined $20 and costs yesterday in Judge Carusi's court, for beating his wife and daughter while he was intoxicated.

Miss Viola Stilwell returned yesterday from a visit with Rev. Williston's family at Port Townseud. She was accompanied by Miss Hannah Leslie and Master Horace Williston for a visit at Blue Mountain.

John Nichols, one of Port Angeles' best young men, who recently returned from upsound, has purchased an interest in the Cash Meat Market owned by Fred Pollow. It will be known as the Pollow & Nichols Cash Meat Market.

Miss Hazel Fenn left Friday to take the President for Frisco, going to Los Angeles to visit her mother, Mrs. H. B. Parker. See was accompanied to Seattle by her grandmother, Mrs. D. H. Crable, who visits her daughter at Vancouver, Wash.

J. C. McCall, the genial barber of the Mitchell barber shop, went to Seattle Monday eve to play the pool on "Martinmas." He must have won, for he returned yesterday amid the blare and din of a brass band, which escorted him to his post of duty. We like to see our citizens busy.

FOR SALE—Fine young Jersey cow, perfectly gentle, chickens, bees, household furniture, stoves, beds, chairs, lounge, etc. Large house to rent. Chas. S. Bown. 1t

In the purchase of a Piano from the Great Home State Company, Sherman, Clay & Co., you are not experimenting. Their instruments are all time tested and famous the world over as the very best. Every Piano fully guaranteed. Factory prices. Easy terms. Old Clallam County Bank Bldg.

Rev. John C. Drahn will preach in the Blue Mountain District school house Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. The Sunday school commences at 10.

Full value allowed for an old stove in exchange for a new one at Bakers.

My specialty: **Quality, Not Price.**
The best is cheapest in the end.

"Shawknit"

Trade Mark

This brand of socks is known thruout the United States for wear, looks and fit.

Each and every pair is guaranteed to me by the manufacturers, and I hand on to you the same guarantee:—

"ANY DEFECTIVE PAIR REPLACED BY A NEW PAIR."

JIM KNIGHT

FOR MEN'S WEAR

Cor. Front and Laurel Sts., Port Angeles

Your orders are always appreciated

Old Wheat Flour

will soon be gone

In former seasons we have advised you to buy a supply of the HOLLY FLOUR made from the old wheat. Again this season we ask you to do the same. We are a particular store for particular trade, so wish for our patrons nothing but the best.

Remember to buy enough HOLLY FLOUR to last three months, for ALL flour is poor when made from new and untried wheat.

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

THE VALLEY.

The rains of last week have so completely quenched the forest fires in the valley, that there seems little danger of any more trouble from fires this fall. It was thought, however, at one time that the entire valley was in danger of being swept by fire.

Guy Lesure, who purchased the Joe Hamilton place on Beaver prairie, has moved onto the place. H. Lesure and son now own the whole prairie.

It is reported that our old friend L. M. Ford is very dangerously ill at a hospital in Seattle.

The railroad surveyors are now camped at the mouth of Bear creek, but will soon move about six miles up the river. They now have two preliminary lines running from Shuwah prairie to the mouth of Bear creek. This part of the route seems to be giving the surveyors some trouble.

H. Lesure has just made his fall round up of beef cattle. He has now about forty head of as fine beef steers as the valley has ever produced, and will ship them this week. X.Y.Z.

Mrs. Hatch is packing up her household effects preparatory to moving to Seattle. Her sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Reid, are here assisting her.

A dance will be given at the skating rink Saturday night, commencing at about 9:30. Tyrrell's orchestra. Gents 50c, ladies 25c.

Chairman Frost of the State Board of Tax Commissioners is here this week on a fishing trip to Lake Crescent.

J. C. Hansen and boys, Charles and Paul, went to Seattle Wednesday to see Ringling's circus.

"Fly-O-Curo," the great fly chaser, 50c the can at Seevers Cash Store.

CHURCH SERVICES

St. Andrew's Church.—Sunday, 18th. 8 a. m., Holy Communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., Morning Prayer and Litany. No evening service.

St. John's Lutheran.—English services Sunday evening at 8 o'clock; Sunday school at 10 o'clock. All are welcome. Rev. Wm. C. Drahn, pastor.

CIVIC CLUB LECTURE COURSE

Series of Educational and Musical Entertainments Arranged for the Coming Winter Will Be Appreciated.

Port Angeles is finally to have a lecture course. After having been placed in the unenviable position of being the only town of its size in the state without a lecture and entertainment course, Port Angeles has taken the first step toward her redemption. The Great Western Lyceum Bureau, with offices in Chicago, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, and Portland, have made arrangements for the presentation of a series of first class entertainments to be given during the coming fall and winter in the opera house.

This course of entertainments will be opened by the Kellogg-Haynes Singing Party. This company is an organization of five artists, every one of whom is a first class soloist. In addition to solo, duet and quartette work, which ranges from the clhssical to the most popular songs and ballards, they present an entirely unique lyceum feature. The second half of their program consists of songs from such leading comic operas as 'll Trovitore, Dolly Varden and other well known successes. These songs from the musical comedies are given in costume and with all the stage accessories. This will certainly be a great attraction for the opening number.

The principal lecturer is Dr. Thomas E. Green, whose position on the platform is one of international fame. Dr. Green is an orator who has been heard in every part of the country and whose salary is the highest paid to any regular lyceum lecturer. While his addresses are models of classic English, of polished oratory, they are at the same time in every sense of the word, exceedingly popular. Dr. Green's power of adaptation is remarkable add it makes no difference where you place him, he is always at home before an audience.

Another unique entertainment will be given by Rogers and Grilley, who, according to Professor M. L. Daggy, constitute the most popular company of musical entertainers in the country. Mr. Grilley is a humorist and impersonator and a singer of humorous songs, while Mr. Rogers is a harpist and composer of national repute. One of the features of this company is the singing of such comic songs as "The Colored Lochinvar," "My Lady Marionette," the words of which were written by Mr. Grilley and the music for which was written by Mr. Rogers. Their entertainment is a continued series of delightful surprises of a popular and artistic nature.

For the first time Port Angeles will hear Mr. Montaville Flowers, who is one of the three leading monologue artists of the country. Mr. Flowers presents great literary masterpieces without stage accessories or costume, and produces the same effect as is ordinarily produced by the whole company.

The closing number of this series of entertainments will be given by the Dunbar singing company. This company is composed of the Dunbar Male Quartette, the leading organization of its kind in the country. They are also hand bell ringers and novelty musicians. Their instrumental trio, piano, flute and cello, intersperces the program with delightful numbers. They carry a large set of English hand bells.

Every number outlined in the above course has appeared in the leading lyceum courses from coast to coast in such cities as San Francisco, Boston, New York, Chicago, Seattle. Three of the above numbers have appeared in the star course at the University of Washington which has one of the finest courses in the country.

Tickets for the entire course are sold at mere nominal rate, but the price for single admission is usually put at one dollar, so the purchasers of season tickets are saved several dollars by buying in advance, and they will thus be guaranteed the same reserved seat throughout the course. The Great Western Bureau is an incorporated establishment and has behind it the best financial backing. They book nearly all of the big lyceum courses west of the Mississippi River, and as a result have a very large business which they have built up in the Northwest and in the State of Washington. Port Angeles is able to get this course. If the people of Port Angeles support this course as they should this coming winter, an even or better and more extensive course will be put on another season.

Our Ice Cream is our hobby!

Try it and you'll understand why. We couldn't improve it at twice the price.

Goldwater Bros.

Phone 3

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles. - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

French and Spanish troops at Casa Blanca are accused of great brutality.

Attorney General Bonaparte denies rumors that he will resign from the president's cabinet.

Kentucky is agitated over the temperance movement recently inaugurated in that state, and some believe that prohibition will follow the next session of the legislature.

An order has been placed with a Glasgow firm for an 18,000 ton battleship for the Japanese government. A feature of her construction will be the extreme width of beam.

The Yukon river is reported lower now than at any previous time at this season of the year. An exceptionally dry summer is the cause. Transportation men are dubious about getting late shipments through.

The prediction comes from San Francisco that changes in the operating force on the Harriman liness will follow the visit of Harriman to San Francisco. It is said W. H. Bancroft, general manager of the Oregon Short Line is to resign and other officials of the system will be moved up a peg in naming his successor.

A Shanghai dispatch says the revolutionary movement is strengthening daily. The recently organized society is growing rapidly. A thousand Chinese have escaped from the jurisdiction of the imperial court by staying within foreign quarters. Provincial officials seem to be helpless in suppressing the revolutionists.

Construction work on the Panama canal is proceeding faster than was calculated in the estimate presented to congress. This year's work will cost $8,000,000 more than the appropriation, owing to the rapidity of construction. Col. Goethals, however, will continue to work in advance of the appropriation, expecting that congress will make good the deficit.

The Helena Telephone company has begun suit against the labor organizations of that city to prevent a boycott.

From the office of the secretary of state it is announced that the president has apointed Nathan Jaffa secretary of New Mexico.

The jewels of the late Mrs. Stanford have been sold in New York. They were worth in the neighborhood of half a million dollars.

Assistant United States Attorney McHarg will continue his investigations into the alleged land frauds in New Mexico, according to advices from Oyster Bay, where he has had a conference with President Roosevelt.

Great excitement prevails at Seward as the result of important copper and gold discoveries made in that vicinity lately. Residents are convinced that the copper belt of Alaska embraces the eastern half of the Kenai peninsula.

In accordance with Secretary Taft's plans for an effective reorganization of the administration of the Isthmian canal commission, Maj. Harry Hodges has commenced his duties as purchasing agent for the canal, with headquarters at Washington.

Albert L. Pope has been appointed temporary receiver of the Pope Manufacturing Company, auto and bicycle manufacturers. It is understood that the embarrassment was precipitated by the condition of the various subsidiary companies and a tight money market.

All England is going in for middle age pageants this summer. The affairs are held out of doors and the men and women dress up in the habiliments of five and six hundred years ago. As this is pretty expensive only the wealthy take part, but great crowds go to see them

CHINESE EMPEROR MAY SECURE THRONE

London, Aug. 17.—Dispatches from Shanghai state that the empress dowager has announced her determination, at the next Chinese new year, to turn over the authority to the emperor. Since 1898, when the empress dowager took control from the emperor, she has vigorously kept him in the background.

To Drain Large Area

Mount Vernon, Wash., Aug. 17.—A movement has been started for the establishment of a drainage district a short distance south of the city. The election on this project was held August 14, and it carried by practically a unanimous vote. The system, when established, will cover a territory of 4,860 acres of land.

No Coal Shortage on Lakes

Superior, Wis., Aug. 17.—There is no danger of a coal shortage in the territory tributary to the head of the Great Lakes. Roads entering here are able to handle all business the coming winter. Receipts up to the present time have broken all records.

Washington News

Smoking is now entirely prohibited on Tacoma street cars.

A new bank is to be started at Auburn, to te known as the State bank.

Dairymen of the state will hold a convention at Stanwood December 2, 3 and 4.

Fourth class postmasters will hold a convention at North Yakima the last week in September.

Judge Charles Keokuke. an old Indian judge of this state, died a few days ago at Barlow.

A new postoffice has been established at Benula, Douglas county, 35 miles from Hammon and 13 miles from Trinidad.

The postoffices at Weber, Adams county, and at Pins, Jefferson county, have been ordered discontinued, and mail will be sent to Newland and Hoh, respectively.

Mrs. Julienne Custolock, believed to be the oldest Indian woman in the Northwest, died at Tacoma Monday at the age of 120 years. Her daughter, Mrs. George Hughes, of Fox Island, is herself 80 years old. The dead woman was a member of the Snohomish tribe.

From 4,000 to 5,000 men in the state of Washington alone will be employed if that number is available, in the construction of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road west to Puget sound during the coming winter. Announcement to this effect is made by H. C. Henry, contractor for the Pacific coast extension.

The Great Northern will build a large dock at Everett.

Walla Walla city and county teachers will get increased salaries the coming year.

The wheat yield of the state of Washington is now estimated at about 41,000,000 bushels.

According to San Francisco dispatches Seattle and Tacoma will soon have graft prosecutions, to be condcted by F. J. Heney.

Funeral directors of the state held their annual convention at Tacoma last week. Conrad L. Hoska, of that city, was elected president for the coming year.

Residents of Okanogan have subscribed money to purchase a flag for the Columbia and Okanogan steamboat company's new vessel, which has been named after that town.

Contracts have been awarded the past week for the construction of nearly half of the extension of the Union Pacific line from Portland to Tacoma. The Dibble-Hawthorne company will build the line from Centralia to Bucoda.

Guy Bates Post, a Seattle man, who has risen to prominence on the legitimate stage, has signed a contract as leading man for Mrs. Fisk for the coming season, to play various leading roles opposite that star. For the past two years Mr. Post has starred in "The Heir to the Hoorah."

Must Award Printing Contract

Olympia, Aug. 17.—Regardless of whether the call for bids provides that "the right is reserved to reject any and all bids, the county commissioners have no alternative but to award a contract when bids are opened for doing county printing, provided there is a legal bid within the maximum amount prescribed by state statute. The attorney general's office so advises Pacific county officials.

Brazil Wants Japanese

Rio Janiero, Aug. 16.—The government of Brazil has sanctioned the establishment of three Japanese colonies in the state of Rio Janeiro.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The followiong prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seatle, and are subject to change without notice.:

Grain—Oats, $22@24 per ton; barley, $20@21.50; wheat, chicken feed, $28@29; bran, $17@18; shorts, $19 @21; corn, $25@26.

Hay—Eastern Washington,$16@17; Puget Sound $12@13; alfalfa, $11.50

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 31@32c.

Poultry—Live hens, 15c per lb; old roosters, 16c; spring chickens, 17c.

Wool—Eastern Washiington 15@ 18c per lb; Western Washington, 21@22c; dirty or timber stained, 12 @12½c.

Live Stock—Sheep, wethers, 6@ 6½c per lb; ewes, 5 @6c; lambs, 6@6½c; Hogs, 4@4½c; Cattle, steers, 5½c ; cows, 4½c; calves, 5@6c.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 79½c bluestem, 81 red, 79½c.

Oats — 29.50$@31; rolled oats $31.50@33.

Hay, Alfalfa, Etc.—Wheat hay, $18 @21; timothy, $25@$26; mixed, $15 @20; clover, $21@23; alfalfa, $13 @14.

Feed—Corn, $31; wheat, $31; barley, whole grain, $25; rolled, $25@26; shorts, $21@22; bran, $20 @21.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 23c; chickens, dressed, 19c; ducks, dressed 19c; geese, dressed, 18c. Live—Hens 13@14c; ducks,11c; geese, 12½c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 32@33; fresh Eastern 27

Eggs—Washington ranch31.

HIS TIME TO COME

HARRIMAN SAYS HE HAS SOME CORRESPONDENCE.

It Will Be Made Public Some Day and Will Explain Many Things---Not In Politics, He Says, and Declines to Criticize Federal Administration.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—"I have never been opposed to regulation and publicity in railroad affairs. But there should be protection to railroads as well as regulation. My position has been both misunderstood and misrepresented.

"No I do not wish to comment on the attitude of the federal adimnistration toward the so-called Harriman railroad system. I am not in politics.

"My day will come some time. Then things I have done will be understood. There is certain correspondehce which can explain many things.

"It will be made public some day. When? That I cannot say. The time is not ripe to make it known. So far as the Harriman system is concerned, I have no present "kick," as one might say. It is a business institution that is very prosperous."

These interesting statements, with their threat of correspondence disclosures, were made by Edward H. Harriman, who arrived from New York yesterday and left for a ten days hunting and fishing outing on the lakes in Southern Oregon

"My Day Will Come"

"My day will come sometme," was said with the well known Harriman aggressive spirt. But he could not be drawn into an indulgence of names, nor would he comment on the Bonaparte threat of both civil and criminal actions against the Harriman system, and the man who has built it up to 15,000 mlies of track, with 17,000 mles of steamer lines as an adjunct, and has spent $257,000,000 in improvements on the former since 1888. Since the commencement of his bitter fight with the Roosevelt administration Harriman has changed his attitude toward the press; and, while too monosyllabic and shrewd to be voluble, he does not disdain the interviewer, as formerly. In fact, the reverse is now the case, and it is generally understood in railroad circles that ne, Hill of the Great Northern, Finlay of the Southern Railway, and half a dozen other railway lights are glad to use the avenue of the interview to air their views before the public.

Ready for Fight

Harriman's friends say that, with conscious pride and a pardonable egotism, he thinks he can put up a strong fight against the administration when the time is ripe; that he has lost none of the old time spirit which he showed against J. Pierpont Morgan when the latter demanded to know, twenty years ago, whom he represented in the councils of the Erie railroad, and he replied, "just myself," and brought Morgan to terms.

"I have never objected to abolishing rebates," continued Harriman, "or to any degree of publicity concerning the transaction of the business of railroads and other corporations. There has never been any complaint from the interstate commerce commission or the bureau of corporations or from the stockholders of the companies with chich I am connected concerning their inability to find out what the management of he Union or Southern Pacific is doing. We want publicity. Our reports are full and complete in the greatest degree, as as any one can ascertain by examining them, and the stockholders are perfectly satisfied. Nor have I ever opposed the regulation of rates under proper safeguards.

Objects to Arbitrary Power

"What I did object to was the coferring of arbitrary power upon seven men to interfere at their pleasure with the rights of individuals and the public generally. If certain interests happen to be antagonistic and cne of them wanted to check the other It could get all the information necessary by putting the machinery of the interstate commission into operation and place its opponents at a dangerous disadvantage.

"That danger is illustrated by what has taken place since the new rate law was passed If the recent investigation had been on a business basis purely, and if all politics had been elminated it would have been done without injury to any one or attracting so much attention."

Ask for Restitution

Washington, Aug. 17.—Complaint against the Great Northern railroad of overcharging on shipments of lumber to Minot, N. D., and the Minnesota Transfer, have been filed with the interstate commerce commission by Schwager & Nettleton, of Seattle. The complaints ask the commission to order resittution of charges in excess of the 40-cent rate.

Taft Resdy to Start

New York, Aug. 17.—Secretary Taft has been to Oyster Bay and visited President Roosevelt for the last time before his three months trip to the Philippines. Secretary Taft expects to sail from Seattle for the Philippines on September 10.

BRYAN TO JAPANESE

HIS SENTIMENTS REGARDING MUTUAL RELATIONS.

Thinks Immigration Should Not Be Permitted to the Extent of Raising Race Question, and Cites Japan's Korean Trouble. Race Prejudice Deprecated.

Oamha, Neb., Aug. 19.—Count Okuma's organ in Tokyo, Hochi Shimbun, which is seeking expressions of opinion concerning Japan and the Japanese from public men in this country, has secured a letter full of friendly feeling toward the mikado's country from William J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan writes:

"The progress of Japan has been watched with pride and satisfaction, our interest being increased by the fact that our example has had some influence in inspiring your development. I see no reason why the two nations should not be mutually helpful and rejoice in each other's growth and prosperity. The inflammatory utterances attributed to some of your politicians have excited some resentment here, but I am sure that the sober judgment of both countries discountenances any thought of war. Neither government is likely to do anything of which the other can justly complain.

Immigration and Race Question

"If any of your citizens here suffer injustice our courts are open to them just as your courts are open to our citizens residing there.

"In matters of immigration each nation, of course, has and should exercise the right to protect its own interests, and I am sure that neither nation will impose restrictions except when those restrictions are necessary. Speaking as an American I am confident that such restrictions as may be made by the United States concerning immirgation will be made with a view of preserving amicable relations rather than with thought of offending. It would be a mistaken kindness for either nation to permit immigration to such an extent as to raise a race question or to excite race animosities. Your nation has had enough experience in Korea and China to know what race prejudice is in human nature.

"Animated by a desire to do justice and sincerely anxious to be on good terms with all the world our nation will meet Japan in a spirit of candor, and I have no doubt that such differences of opinion as may from time to time arise will be settled to the satisfaction of both nations through their diplomatic representatives."

REFORM TICKET WINS IN 'FRISCO PRIMARIES

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—The primary election in this city resulted in a sweeping victory for the Republican League, or Ryan ticket, which stood for earnest support of the bribery graft prosecution and the present mayor and supervisors.

The opposing faction, led by Postmaster Fiske, elected not more than nineteen delegates to the party convention, which will consist of 149 delegates. The result is a notable triumph for the reform element.

The regular Democratic ticket was victorious and will cotnrol the Democratic convention.

Schmitz Says He Is Pleased

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Ex-Mayor Schmitz expressed satisfaction at the result of the primaries so far as the Union Labor ticket is concerned.

"It is a unanimous vote," said Schmitz, "and that is all we desired. I believe the result at the polls will be the same, and that the Union Labor party has lost none of its strength."

DOUBLE TRACK PART OF GREAT NORTHERN

Seattle, Aug. 19.—Double tracking of the mountain district of the Great Northern will be started as soon as the engineers finish their work, according to a statement made by A. H. Hogeland, chief engineer of the Hill line, who is spending a few days in Seattle, following a trip of inspection over the lines to be improved. The work done will be on the worst portions of the line on the west slope of the rockies, between Whitefish and Summit. In addition to this much of the line in that district will be rebuilt entirely in an endeavor to eliminate as far as possible all sharp curves, and to reduce the grade to the minimum.

The cost of the improvement will be enormous, how great cannot be determined until the surveys are finished. In that part of the line which will be entirely rebuilt will be several new tunnels, which will call for a vast expenditure.

Bounties for Wild Animals

Olympia, Aug. 17.—The sum of $7,691 was paid out by the state of Washington for wild animal bounties for the quarter ended June 30, according to reportss just compiled in the state auditor's office. Bounty was paid on 14 cougars at $5 each, 850 wildcats at $2.50 each and 4,584 coyotes at $1 each.

INDEPENDENT MOVE GROWS

Number of Warehouses Owned by Farmers Is Increasing.

Garfield, Wash., Aug. 19.—The grain growers in this part of the Palouse take exception to the clause in the new wheat ticket which absolves the railroads as well as the warehouses from any loss by fire which may occur. They say that the engines of the railroad company are very liable to cause fire by dropping sparks and they do not see why the railroads should not assume this risk.

The independent companies seem to be getting the great bulk of the wheat so far on all the roads centering at Garfield. It is said on good authority that there will be before another harvest season rolls around a system of warehoses will be erected throughout the length and breadth of the Palouse country which will be owned and controlled by the farmers of the Inland Empire.

EZRA MEEKER DRIVES DOWN BROADWAY

New York, Aug. 19.—Ezra Meeker, of Puyallup, Washington, who with his ox team and white topped prairie schooner has just finished retracing the trail which as a pioneer he took fifty-five years ago to the far Northwest, has arrived in New York.

In a couple of days he will go on to Oyster Bay, where he will try to interest President Roosevelt in his scheme for making a grand boulevard of the old Oregon trail.

Meeker was heralded by the papers before he left Poughkeepsie, and thousands watched him as he drove his quaint equippage down Broadway just as the streets were filled with theatergoers.

He has spent nearly eighteen months on his journey across the continent. His original intention was to go direct to Washington and there present his proposition, but unexpected delays kept him on the road until the president had moved to the summer capitol at Sagamore Hill.

At every point along the trail where Meeker could gather a crowd he has explained the object of his pilgrimage and already monuments costing from $100 to $1,000 mark points of historical interest along the route.

ALTON MAY RECEIVE PROMISED IMMUNITY

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Judge Landis postponed until September 3 the grand jury investigation of the charge of rebating against the Chicago & Alton railroad, growing out of the recent trial and conviction of the Standard Oil Company. Judge Landis said he received noticfiation from Attorney General Bonaparte that prior to the indictment of the Standard company the district attorney had promised the Chicago & Alton officials that their company would not be proceeded against if it in good faith would assist the prosecution with evidence and witnesses and that it was Mr. Bonaparte's conviction that good faith required that the department of justice do what it could to make good that assurance.

A transcript of the record in the case will be sent to Mr. Bonaparte If, after examination thereof, he concludes the Alton has fulfilled its promises in the Standard case the grand jury will not investigate further.

BANKS TO ADVANCE CASH FOR EXPOSITION

Seattle, Aug. 17 —The banks of Seattle have come to the aid of the state commission of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, and by agreeing to cash all warrants drawn on the fund to be raised by the sale of shore lands, as provided for by the state at the last session of the legislature, have eliminated all obstacles from the path of the commission Since the appropriation by the state legislature, obstacle after obstacle has been placed in the way of the commission selling the land, and court proceedings started by various property owners have blocked all efforts to realize funds from the land grant.

It has been feared by the men at the head of the exposition that the litigation involved would seriously hinder the raising of funds for the immediate future, although it was never doubted that all hindrances would be eliminated. The fact that the banks have agreed to aid the commission has greatly relieved those who were incline to believe that the work would be held up.

THOUSANDS ARE KILLED IN CASA BLANCA FIGHT

Casa Blanca, Tangier, Aug. 17.—The town is quiet and business is being transacted. In the recent fight 1,000 men were killed, the majority being Arabs. The town is now completely under control of the French and Spanish authorities. Five hundred more troops have arrived here and yet more are expected. The Moors have received large reinforcements, however, and are preparing for a general attack. The French authorities are still engaged in clearing up the streets, burning the dead and collecting property.

TO BE LONG FIGHT

TELEGRAPHERS APPEAL TO FEDERATION OF LABOR.

Men Have Won, Says President Small, But It Will Be Necessary to Hold Out For Some Time --- President Clowry Is Quoted By Strikers.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Peace in the telergaphers' strike seems farther off than at any time since the trouble began. Leaders on both sides said last night that not a single move had been made toward mediation so far as the Western Union and Postal companies are concerned.

The meeting of the board of directors of the Associated Press in New York today is expected to show the attitude of its official towards the strike. The strikers do not know whether the officials of the Associated Press are willing to attempt a settlement or are to hold the meeting to outline plans for fighting them.

The strikers seem united, however, on the proposition that neither the Western Union nor the Postal will make any overtures for peace for some time to come. The companies' officials say there can only be one end to the strike—unconditional surrender of the union men.

"We have alreadywon the strike," said International President Small in an address to the Chicago Federation of Labor, "but it will be necessary to fight sixty or ninety days longer."

Ask Voluntary Contributions

President Small asked for voluntary contributions.

"Everything is running smoothly," said he, "and the outlook is so bright that we hardly know we are in a fight.

We have come to ask you to aid us by voluntary contributions. We will begin a campaign of education in every city of the country.

"The American Federation of Labor wil send speakers to the meetings of all unions for the purpose of acquainting members with the true facts as to why we struck.

"No other working men and women have suffered as greatly as the operators, but we expect to raise $2,000,000 within the next sixty days."

President Small then said that at the next convention of the American Federation of Labor a proposition would be presented providing for the raising of a defense fund of $20,000,000 to be used in carrying on strikes.

Secretary Wesley Russell told the federation that in a week or ten days the strike would be ended, as 91 per cent of the commercial operators of the entire country and Canada are out. The Federation pledged financial aid.

Strikers Quote Clowry

While the strike officials were sanguine of the outcome of the strike, a few of the strikers talked of a conversation between President Clowry and Commissioner of Labor Neill shortly after the strike was called.

"We had peace for twenty years," President Clowry was reported to have said. "We could hire and discharge whoever we saw fit. We ran our business to suit ourselves. Then the union came along. A demand was made for more wages and a change in conditions. We gave an increase in wages and changed conditions. That did not seem to suit some of the employes and they brought about a stampede strike. It may cost us from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 to fight the strike, but after it is ended we will have another twenty years of peace. We could not afford again to temporize with the union."

This was pointed out as showing the determination of the company officials to fight until the strikers are tired out and then when the strike is declared off they will take back only such operators as they see fit.

DENVER AND SEATTLE AIR LINE IS PLANNED

Denver, Colo., Aug. 19—The Northwest Land and Iron Company, capital $7,000,000, and the Denver, Laramie & Northwestern Railroad, capital $5,000,000, plan to build an air line from Denver to Seattle, and develop great iron and coal mines along the route

Gloomy Forcast for China

Tokyo, Aug. Aug. 17.—Private advices from Peking forecast a gloomy future owing to the unsettled state of politics there, caused by the absence of a ruling mind powerful enough to cope with the situation. The empress dowager, mistress of affairs heretofore, is said to be in a critical state of health. Her policy has been to play one minister aaginst another in order to prevent a concentration of power in any single person.

Open Door In Manchuria

Washington, Aug. 17.—The Russian and Japanese ambassadors have handed to the state department the new convention of Russia and Japan, designed to carry out the provisions of the treaty of Portsmouth and providing for the open door in Manchuria.

Standard Dividend as Usual

New York, Aug. 17.—The directors of the Standard Oil Company have declared a quarterly dividend of $6 a share. This was unchanged from the corresponding quarter last year.

THE TAFT PLATFORM

ROOSEVELTS RADICAL POLICIES ENDORSED BY SECRETARY.

Advocates Income and Inheritance Taxes and Tariff Revision After Election---Would Continue Trust Curbing, But Wouldn't Own Railroads.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 20—The Taft platform was outlined for the first time by the secretary of war in a speech at Memorial Hall last night

President Roosevelt's radical policies are accepted by him in their entirety. Secretary Taft announced himself in favor of tariff revision, but not until after election. He is willing, however, to have the national convention pledged for the reduction of duties.

To curb swoolen fortunes the secretary advocated both an income and an inheritance tax.

After an exhaustive review of the causes of the passage of the rate law and a detailed explanation of its operation, Mr. Taft said of the railroads:

Distrust of Railroads

"After May, 1908, they are confined in their business strictly, by a provision forbidding them after that date to transport for themselves anything but what is intended for their use as common carriers.

"Experience has shown that the railroads cannot be trusted to deal fairly in matters of transportation between themselves and their competitors in an outside business.

"The revelations of infidelity to trust obligations in the insurance investigations in New York; of the fraudulent discriminations of the coal carrying railroads shown by the inquiries made by the interstate commerce commission and the disclosure of sceret rebates on an enormous scale granted the Standard Oil Company by the railroads in the report of Mr. Garfield as commissioner of corporations, overcame much specious argument, created a strong public opinion in favor of a radical remedy against all dishonest corporations and helped the hands of those supporting the bill"

To the argument that the old Elkins law was better than the new rate law, Mr. Taft made this answer:

Effects of Rate Bill

"In the rate bill congress amended the Elkins bill and restored imprisonment as part of the punishment for secret rebates.

"If the rate bill was likely to be a failure and to accomplish nothing in the regulation of their business, the query naturally arises, why did the railroads spend so much money and so great effort to defeat it? Why was it, if it had no effect, that in the interval between the time of its passage and its going into effect there were filed with the interstate commerce commission more notices of reduced rates by the railroads than ever had been filed in the previous twenty years of the life of the interstate commerce law?

"The rate law does not go far enough. The practice under it has already disclosed the necessity for amendments and will doubtless suggest more. Such is the true method —the empirical and tentative method —of securing proper remedies for a new evil.

Over-Capitalization Evil

"Recent revelations have shown the pernicious effect of so-called overcapitaliaztion of railroads which aids unscrupulous manipulators in disposing of securities at unreasonably high prices to innocent buyers. This evil would not of itself justify federal restraint or control, because such stock and bonds are usually included under state charters.

"The practice, however, has a tendency to divert the money paid by the public for the stock and bonds which ought to be expended in improving the roadbed, track and equipment of railroads into the pockets of the dishonest manipulators and thus to pile such an unprofitable debt on a railroad as to make bankruptcy and a money stringency.

"A much used means of eliminating competition among interstate lines serving the same territory is the acquisition by one company of the stock in another and the election of directors to represent this stock. This process is fairly facilitated by the uncontrolled power to issue securities beyond the needs of the company for the legal carrying on of its business.

"The evil ought further to be directly restrained by making it unlawful for an interstate railway to acquire stock in a competing line. This is a simpler remedy for meeting the evil than by recourse to the anti-trust law under the Northern Securities case.

"In addition to this competing lines should be prohibited from having common officers.

Against Government Ownership

"The contention in behalf of the railroads, already noticed, that such supervision as the rate bill and these suggested amendments afford is socialistic and tends to the government ownership is utterly without basis. Efficient regulation is the very antidote and preventive of socialism and government ownership.

Mr. Taft here stated his reasons for opposing government ownership of railroads.

Discussion of Trusts

"I now pass from railway regulation and the abuses arising in the discharge of a public function to the evils which have grown out of the combinations existing in private business, and so come to the subject of trusts.

"The combination of capital in large plants to manufacture goods with the greatest economy is as necessary as the assembling of parts of a machine. The government should not interfere with the one any more than with the other.

"I am inclined to the opinion that the time is near at hand for an amendment to the anti-trust law, defining in more detail the evils against which it is aimed, making clearer the distinction between lawful agreements reasonably restraining trade and those which are penicious in their effect, and particularly denouncing the various devices of monopolizing trade which prosecutions and investigations have shown to have been used in actual practice.

"The decisions of the courts and the experience of the executive and prosecuting officers make the framing of such a statute possible. It will have the good effect of making much clearer to those business men who would obey the laws the methods to be avoided."

DUE TO PROPAGATION

Fish Commissioner's Opinion of Big Run of Humpbacks.

Bellingham, Aug. 17.—That the extraordinary run of humpback salmon now filling the traps and seines on the sound is due almost entirely to artificial propagation is the firm opinion of State Superintendent of Hatcheries John Crawford. In the year 1903 a total of 21,371,540 young fall salmon were liberated from the eight fall fish hatcheries then operating in the state, and as it takes four years for the fish to mature, it is evident that the fry from the hatcheries are now returning to the streams of their birth.

The output of the hatcheries in 1903 was more than will probably be canned on the sound this fall. That the artificial method of hatching is preventing the extermination of the salmon families is positive, says Crawford.

"It is only a matter of custom," says Mr. Crawford, "that the sockeye salmon is the more favored fish. Its only advantage over the humpback is that is red in color and makes a better appearance when placed in a dish on the table. The humpback salmon has just as much oil and the flavor is excellent. Its only disadvantage over the sockeye is that it is not so hardy and must be canned quickly or the flesh becomes soft."

OUSTING OF SCHMITZ IS UPHELD BY COURT

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—In an opinion written by Chief Justice Beatty the supreme court of the state recognizes Dr. Edward R. Taylor as mayor de facto of San Francisco and granted the petition of his secretary, Harry G. McCannay, for a writ of mandamus to compel City Auditor Sam Horton to recognize his claim for salary.

"The opinion, which was concurred in by all the justices of the supreme court, effectually disposes of the pre tensions of Eugene F. Schmitz to the office. Schmitz admitted this last night and said that nothing remained for him but to abide by the decision.

Mayor Taylor said he had expected the supreme coucrt would sustain his title to the office and that he had no other comment to make on the decision.

The opinion holds that a vacancy existed in the office of mayor when Schmitz was convicted of felony, and that in appointing Dr. Charles Boxton and subsequently Dr. Taylor to fill that vacancy the board of supervisors was acting clearly within the provisions of the city charter and the political code.

Final judgment on the conviction of Schmitz was not necessary to create this vacancy, the opinion adds, and the appeal he has taken in no way interferesw ith the validity of Taylor's appointment as mayor.

MEYER PROPOSES POSTAL REFORMS

New York, Aug 17.—Far reachng reforms and improvements in the postal service, both for New York City and national in scope are advocated by George Von L. Meyer, postmaster general. As recommended by Mr. Meyer the proposed reforms are as follows.:

Renewal of postal notes payable to an individual instead of to bearer as before. Establishmeont of a domestic parcels post limited to ten pounds.

Establishment of postal savings bank system.

Increases in the rural delivery.

Decrease in the rates of foreign postage to two cents each half ounce, for every country having direct steamship service.

Adoption of stamp selling slot slot machines throughout the United States.

Extensions of the seaport service, extending it to the Cunard and French lines.

Mr. Meyer said that he had studied these reforms carefully and that where he had the authority he would put them into effect and that where he had not he would recommend them to congress."

Presidio Is Saluting Station

Washington, Aug. 17.—The war department has designated the Presidio of San Francisco as a saluting station for the harbor instead of Alcatraz island.

PROBING TO GO ON

WALL STREET TIP ON SPEECH WAS BOGUS.

Government Should Have Fuller Control Over Corporations Than It Has Ever Yet Exercised---Laws Asked that Will Prevent Trusts.

Provincetown, Mass., Aug. 21.—"There is no objection in the minds of this people to any man's earning any amount of money if he does it honestly and fairly, if he gets it as the result of special skill and enterprise," said President Roosevelt yesterday in an address commemmorating the laying of the cornerstone of the monument marking the spot where the Pilgrim fathers first landed on American soil.

"But there is a growing determination that no man shall amass a great fortune by special privilege, by chicanery and wrong doing, so far as in the power of legislation to prevent, and that the fortune when amassed shll not have a business that is anti-social."

The whole tone of the president's address was a progressive reiteration of his determination to put a stop to predatory law breaking, to proceed along the plans already marked out with prosecutions under the present laws and to demand the enactment of more stringent statutes from time to time as they are needed to meet present and arising conditions. There is no intimation of halting or hesitation, there is no suggestion of copmromise with law breakers.

Another striking feature of the addresss is the reiteration by the president of his expression of some months ago regarding "undesirable citienship" of the officers of the Western Federation of Miners. On this subject he said:

"There is unfortunately a certain number of our fellow countrymen who seem to accept the view that unless a man can be proved guilty of some particular crime he shall be counted a good citizen, no matter how infamous the life he has led, no matter how pernicious his doctrines or his practices. This is the view announced from time to time with clamorous insistence, now by a group of predatory capitalists, now by a group of sinister anarchistic labor leaders and agitators, whenever a special champion of either class, no matter how evil his general life, is acquitted of some one specific crime." Speaking of corporations, the president said:

National Incorporation Laws

"I believe in a national incorporation law for corporations engaged in interstate business. I believe, furthermore, that the need for action is most pressing as regards those corporations which, becausse they are common carriers, exercise a quasi-public function, and which can be completely controlled in all respects by the federal government, by the exercise of the power conferred under the interstate commerce clause, and, if necessary, under the post road clause, of the constiution.

During the last few years we have taken marked strides in advance along the road to proper regulation of these railroad corporations; but we must not stop in the work.

"Thenational government should exercise over them a similar supervision and control to that which it exercises over national banks.

Principle of Sherman Law

"The principle of the Sherman law, so far as it prohibits combinations which, whether because of their extent or of their character, are harmful to the public, must always be preserved. Ultimately, and I hope with reasonable speed, the national government must pass laws which, while increasing the supervisory and regulatory power of the government, also permit such useful combinations as are made with absolute openness and as the representatives of the government may previously approve.

Criminal Prosecutions

"Often men who have been guilty of violating these laws have acted really in criminal fashion, and if possible should be proceeded against criminally and therefore it is advisable that there should be a clause in these laws providing for such criminal action, and for punishment by imprisonment as well as by fine. But, as is well known, in a criminal action the law is strictly construed in favor of thedeendant, and in our country, at least, both judge and jury are far more inclined to consider his rights than they are the interests of the general public; while in addition it is always true that a man's general practicess may be so bad that a civil action will lie when it may not be possible to convict him of any one criminal act."

The address of president Roosevelt puts the lie to the reports sent out from New York city that Wall street interests had secured advance tips that President Roosevelt would state that trust probing was over. This is now thought to have been done simply to start stocks soaring again.

Arbitration to Settle Strikes

Denver, Aug. 15.—Danger of the strike of the trainmen employed by the Colorado Southern railway spreading was removed yesterday by an agreement reached whereby all differences between railroads entering Denver and their trainmen will be settled by arbitration.

THERE IS NO CHANCE.

There is no chance in circumstance,
Upon life's tossing sea.
Our boats are launched, we know not why,
For shores we do not see.

There is no chance in circumstance,
The sun-kissed winds blow free.
The outlook cheers our seasick hearts,
The wavelets dance with glee.

There is no chance in circumstance,
We hail ships on the way.
Then thoughtlessly we spread our sails,
When we have said, "Good day."

There is no chance in circumstance,
Clouds rise up in our sky.
The thunder rolls, the lightnings flash,
The waters dash on high.

There is no chance in circumstance,
The swallows skim the sky,
And cheer us for a little while,
Then swiftly homeward fly.

There is no chance in circumstance,
Life's mystery veils our eyes.
We hear the signal, "All is well."
And lo the vapors rise.
—A. G. Riddock.

THE FREEDOM CIPHER

The Vigilant sat in his big invalid chair poring over a small slip of paper on the desk before him. He had been sitting there, just so, motionless, to all appearances almost lifeless, all through the long night hours, while Kioto, the little brown Japanese servant, slept quietly on the mat before the door.

Before him was a crumpled heap of papers, of even greater dimensions than usual; on the table at his elbow stood his breakfast—a cup of coffee and a plate of fruit—untouched. The paper which he was studying was a cipher cut from the agony column of one of the dailies. It ran as follows:

3.7.a.2.5.9.d.3.h 1 m 2.4.7.9.p.2.q.7.8.s. 1.3.9.w.

To any one unacquainted with the art of cipher reading the above would seem unintelligible. To the Vigilant's trained eye the method of it and its construction were child's play. But there was one thing necessary for its solution, and that was what had kept the Vigilant to his chair all the long night.

He stretched out a long, sinewy hand and drew toward him a thick, white sheet of paper carefully ruled into small divisions and cut here and there at irregular intervals with a sharp knife point. It was a form of what is technically known as a "gridiron"—an instrument much used in cipher reading and making. He turned it over thoughtfully, with puckered brow, and applied it to an open page before him, moving it carefully from position to position, apparently without result; for after a while he desisted and relapsed into his former brooding attitude.

There came the sharp whirr of an electric bell. Kioto rose noiselessly to his feet and vanished, only to return ushering in a tall, bronzed, distinguished looking man.

"I am glad your highness has honored me with a visit," said the Vigilant. "You will pardon my not rising; I am, as you see, an invalid. I was about to write and beg you to grant me an interview."

The tall man started slightly at being unexpectedly addressed by his title.

"You know me, then, Mr. Third. In that case you probably also know why I am here."

"I know, sir, that I am addressing Prince Rupert of Malonia, who is to be crowned in his capital of Nervan in ten days' time, and that the city is a positive nest of anarchy."

The prince nodded and seated himself.

"That is perfectly true, and it is for that reason I am here. I was advised to come to you as the one man who knew more of anarchists than even they do themselves. I have received warnings that I am to be made an example of. As a rule, I should have taken no notice; but on such an occasion—well, the streets of Nervan are narrow, especially those near the cathedral, which lies in the old city."

A silence of a few moments ensued, broken only by the crisp rustling of papers his visitor handed to him.

"These are serious, sir," he said, when he had finished. "They are the work of a man well known to me; an enthusiast—mad if you will—but a man who would cheerfully sacrifice his own life to insure the destruction of yours. And, as your highness says, the streets of Nervan are narrow and a desperate man might do much. The fellow is an Italian by birth, Pasquali by name. Your highness receives the reports of your prefect of police; could you tell me the name of any anarchist publication which may be privately printed in Nervan?"

"There is a Socialist organ called 'Freedom,' which is printed in secret, but though revolutionary, they don't advocate the use of the bomb and the revolver. I have copies forwarded to me each week by them."

"Could I have those copies?"

"Certainly. They shall be sent around at once."

"In that case, your highness, I think I need detain you no further. I have been at work for some days on a series of ciphers which I am certain are the handiwork of this Pasquali. I look to the papers you will send me for the one clue I need. I will communicate with you further in three days' time, by which time there should be no cause of alarm."

Faithful to his promise, the papers were sent by the prince that afternoon. Marshall Third picked out the current number and went through it carefully, pencil in hand, dividing the words of all the longer articles into series of nine, which he labeled respectively A, B, C, and so on through the alphabet. He seemed satisfied with his work till he came to the leading article of the week on the center page.

Here he had no sooner begun his annotation than he gave a low exclamation of satisfaction. He continued his divisions of nine through until he had reached the letter W. Then he started again at the beginning, underlining certain words—the third and seventh in Division A, the second, fifth and ninth in division D, and so on to the ninth of W.

The message was now plain to read. The translation was as follows:

"Everything satisfactory. Plans definitely arranged. Sebastian leaves for capital Thursday. Have fuses fixed. Meet on boat."

"Two years ago Pasquali was at Munich under the name of Sebastian. Now for the rest," muttered the Vigilant to himself. He took from the table a notebook full of messages in the same cipher, each carefully pasted in and the date aded. Throughout the afternoon he pored over ciphers and pamphlets of corresponding dates. When he had finished he wrote a cipher message himself, and then leaned back in his chair and passed a hand wearily across his forehead.

"Kiota, take this to the advertisement office of the newspaper mentioned. See that it is inserted in Wednesday's issue without fail."

Wednesday morning found the Vigilant in his book lined room; but a change had been effected. His invalid chair had been removed to the far side of the big writing desk; the space between that and the door was bare save for the soft carpet. The full light of the window illuminated the intervening space, leaving the corner, in which

"IS THIS A TRAP?"

stood the chair, in deep, uncertain shadow.

Marshall Third's face was immovable as a mask. Though he knew full well that in the next half hour he would be at hand grips with death in its most terrible form, not a tremor or twitch of nerve or muscle betrayed the fact. He made no movement till the outer bell rang. Then, under cover of the massive desk, he slipped his hand swiftly beneath the rug on his knees.

The door opened and a thin, sallow-faced man, with coal black hair and big, dark, lustrous eyes, came swiftly in.

"Monsieur Pasquali," said the Vigilant curtly.

The man's face turned a shade sallower, and his eyes glittered. It was clear that his nerves were strung to their highest tension.

"You—who are you?" he demanded huskily in broken English. "Are you the sender of this?"

And with a shaking hand he held out the torn fragment of paper.

"I sent you a message in cipher—the cipher of the 'Freedom'—warning you not to go to Nervan on Thursday."

"Ha!" The exclamation was half snarl, half threat. "And why not?"

"Because your movements are known and watched—because every detail of your plans is known, Sebastian."

"Is this a trap?" demanded the other hoarsely, taking a stride forward.

"Stand where you are," came the curt order. "You are an enthusiast —a dangerous enthusiast in a dangerous cause; but you have an intellect, and you are a man of your word. Swear to me that you will abandon your attempt on Prince Rupert of Malonia. Swear that to me on your word of honor, and you are free to go."

"And if not?"

"You are wanted by the police of France for the outrage in the Rue Courcelle; by those of Germany for the murder of the man Libau. England is your one refuge. I have only to utter the word Ferguson to the police here and you yourself and six more will be on trial for yet another murder before the month is out. Give me your word, or you leave this room under arrest, for I shall put the facts in the hands of the authorities."

The sallow face blanched. Third had spoken truly when he said that England was the last refuge.

"Who are you?" he demanded again.

"Prince Rupert is a good man. He has ears for the crying of the poor," said the Vigilant.

But the anarchist paid no heed. He was staring at the mask-like face as though fascinated and a shuddering fit took him.

"On one condition I pass my word," he said in a strangled voice.

"And that is?"

"The name of the man who has betrayed us—who has hounded us down. His name, I say, and you have my oath."

"I am here," came the grim answer.

The Italian gave a cry like a wild beast in agony.

"You!" he cried. "You!" He made a lightning-like movement and raised his hand. "Then may the curses of ——"

He got no further, for quickly as he moved, the Vigilant was quicker still. Never turning his eyes from those of the madman before him, he whipped out the revolver which he had been holding beneath the rug and fired quickly twice. The man jerked convulsively as the bullets struck him; but so great is the strength of hatred that by a supreme effort he managed to fling out his arm and a small, black object, no bigger than an orange, described a swooping curve.

Kioto sprang as a cat springs, and caught it, a bare two inches from the floor, just as the man himself reeled and fell. It was a steel-cased picric acid bomb—one of those intended for use at Nervan. Had it touched it would have annihilated everything for twenty yards round.

Marshall Third laid down the still smoking revolver and took it in his hand.

"The window, Kioto," he said, quickly. "The room reeks of powder. Then take this and call the police."

He wrote rapidly on a sheet of paper:

"The man Pasquali will not be present on the occasion of your highness' coronation."—Answers.

MOSLEM ETIQUETTE.

Always Be In Good Humor and Talk Pleasant Things.

Here are some interesting Musselman injunctions of conviviality, says the London Lancet. The honor of being served first belongs to the invited guest who is in the possesion of any high title or who has in any way or sphere distinguished himself. If the host himself is the oldest in the company or has any high decoration of merit, he must first begin the meal without delay in order not to let the others unduly wait. It shows bad upbringing to be in a melancholy mood at table or to speak of disagreeable things or to engage in inappropriate discussions on matters of religious piety. Foremost of all, one must always be in good humor and talk of pleasant things, as did the prophet himself.

You must always help yourself from the side of the dish nearest to you and never try to find out the best bits, which ought to be left for other guests. If one of the invited has not much appetite, you must ask him up to three times with some kind chosen words to partake of the meals. A longer insistence would cause ennui and would be most inappropriate. You must never stop eating before others, because in doing so you will embarrass them and cause them to finish quickly in imitating you.

Never eat gluttonously, but also never attempt to conceal your good appetite. Always eat little by little. Exaggerated compliments are always misplaced. The host's duty is to make his guests feel as comfortable as possible, encouraging the timid and shy. It is contrary to good taste to address and to fix the attention of a guest when he is eating. Even if the host is not accustomed to eat much he must always try not to finish before others. Should any dish be forbidden to him by his medical attendant he certainly must not partake of it, but must at the same time excuse himself before his guests.

It is absolutely necessary to avoid every movement or gesture which is apt to create disgust.

PROTECTION FOR WORKINGMEN.

England Adopts a System Long in Use in Germany.

Borrowing a leaf from Germany's experience, England has adopted a system of workingmen's compensation for damages incurred while at labor, says the Reader. The act, which went into operation in July of this year, appears to be extremely rigid as to the employer's responsibility, but some terrible consequences of corporate laxity and greed in this country will permit Americans to look with favor upon the bill and watch its working out with interest.

In case a servant is killed because of negligence on the part of the employer the latter is liable for that servant's wages for three years, including board and lodging. A disabled servant can collect half pay for the rest of his life. But, on the other hand, the insurance companies have put the premiums at an extremely low rate, and, in fact, for about 75 cents to $1.30 a year the employer can be protected from all legal responsibility and from all expenses of litigation in connection with damage suits.

If employes and passengers were protected in this country by some such rigid compensation act, the railroad companies would make more haste to place safety devices on their trains and to use on all their lines the best and most efficient systems of signaling. There would be drastic reforms in the conduct of our mills and manufactories, especially where children and women are employed and where now the laws of the land and of humanity are defied.

A Lasting Impression.

"Well, Bertha, I hear you met Mr. Cooke yesterday. Did you like him?"

"Do you know, dear, he made an impression upon me that nothing will obliterate."

"Really! How—what did he say?"

"It wasn't what he said; it was what he did. He spilled a cup of tea over my new white silk dress."

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

From page 4.

C. E. Attwood labor 3 75
George Pelerin labor 5 00
Knight & Eby groceries etc 18 47
Sequim Mfg. & Lighting Co. lumber 2 16
Buggs Mercantile Co., supplies for camp..... 37 40

The hour having arrived for the purpose of hearing evidence and taking testimony as to the propriety and advisability of selling the e½ nw¼ and w½ ne¼ sec 22 twp 30 N R 8 west of W. M., in Clallam county, Washington, and there having been no objections made against the sale of said property, the Board hereby instructs the county auditor to advertise the sale of said property above described, as provided by law.

There being no bids on file for the construction of that portion of the Machenheimer road (road No. 64) commencing at or near the ¼ corner between section 8 and 17, and ending at the ¼ corner between section 6 and 7 all in twp 29 N.R. 4 west. the Board ordered the auditor to re-advertise for bids on said road.

The Board instructed the auditor to advertise for bids for the construction of the west end of the George Lamb road (road No. 69) as per plans and specifications on file in the county engineer's office.

The Board instructed the auditor to advertise for bids for the construction of the "Maud Smith Hill cut-off," on the East Clallam-Quillayute road, as per plans and specifications on file in the county engineer's office.

The Board instructed the auditor to advertise for bids for the construction of the "Nelson cut off" and the "Green cut off" on the East Clallam-Quillayute road, as per plans and specifications on file in the county enginee's office.

The Board ordered the county treasurer to re-call from the loans heretofore made from the current expense fund to the bridge fund, the sum of $6,500.00, and place the same to the credit of the current expense fund, said sum being part of the loans heretofore made to said bridge fund.

The Board ordered the county treasurer to transfer from the current expense fund to the general road fund the sum of $10,000.00, said transfer to be considered as a loan.

The Board adjourned to meet Wednesday the 14th day of August 1907, at 9:00 a.m.

Wednesday the 14th day of August, 1907, at 9:00 a.m,

The Board met pursuant to adjournment.

All member being present.

The Board allowed the claim of Grant Humes $200.00 for road work, at $100.00, and ordered a warrant drawn for same on the general road fund.

The Board awarded the free scholarship, at the state college of Washington, at Pullman, Wash., to Martin Wagner.

The Board approved the official bonds Julia Annette Trumbull, superintendent of schools, and August Lotzin, game warden.

The Board approved the liquor license bond of Geo. H. Davis for running a saloon at Dungeness, Washington, and ordered the auditor to issue a license to him.

The Board examined and approved the liquor license bond of Eber Conley, for running a saloon at Port Crescent, and ordered the auditor to issue a license to him.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on the current expense fund:

Irwin-Hodson Co. supplies.....$ 15 75
Pioneer Bindery & Printing Co. supplies..... 93 10
T. J. Appleton, Sr. professional services 6 00
D. A. Christopher, deputy assessor salary 103 25
J. W. S. Clark, deputy assessor salary..... 119 00
H. M. Fisher, deputy assessor salary..... 84 00
John D. Hickok, assessor salary 104 00
Tribune-Times Co. publications. 150 65
T. J. Appleton, Jr. 1 generator.. 15 25
J. F. Rudisile, board for engineer's crew..... 19 95
John Machenheimer assisting county surveyor..... 10 00
Henry Machenheimer assisting county surveyor..... 10 00
Fred Machenheimer assisting county surveyor..... 3 75
Chas. Machenheimer assisting county surveyor..... 12 50
Mrs. Fred Machenheimer, board. 5 25
Frank Sullivan deputy engineer salary 88 00
Alfred Ware engineer salary 132 50
Harvey Shelpman team for county engineer 5 00
Alfred Ware steel tape, etc..... 44 95
Al Fairservice supplies for county engineer 60 80
Joe Stange meat for engineer's camp 5 00
F. E. Pollow supplies for engineer's camp..... 7 72
H Gutenberg supplies for engineer's camp..... 12 30
Gallagher & Nichols livery hire for engineer..... 20 25
Gallagher & Nichols, livery hire for sheriff 6 00
Ray L. Haynes board for county poor July 3d, to July 31 ..... 28 00
Clallam Bay Record, publications 12 00
Gray & Henderson oil and matches 4 60
P. J. Wold labor and material for court house 74 05
Ben T. Smith rubber stamps ... 1 75
R. D. Willson Hdw. Co supplies for Co. engineer 5 45
Pioneer Bindery & Printing Co. supplies..... 6 00
S. P. Carusi, J.P. fees, State vs. Ed Gutenberg..... 10 40
L. C. Smith, (sheriff of King Co.) fees State vs. Edward Gutenberg 90
Mrs. Blanche Gutenberg witness fees State vs. Edward Gutenberg 18 00
Mrs. L. R. Thurston, witness fees State vs. Edward Gutenberg.. 18 00
R. D. Willson Hdw. Co. supplies for court house 4 05
J. J. Allen, serving papers for sheriff 1 90
Pioneer Bindery & Printing Co. supplies..... ..... 70 83
P. B. Chambers livery hire for engineer 9 00
Port Angeles Gen. Hospital, care Mrs. Grig, Co. poor 49 75
T. J. Appleton. Jr. services as health officer 66 00
Webster Publishing Co. publications 23 75
E. W. Merrill & Co. groceries for Co. poor 8 20

The Board allowed the following Commissioners claims:

K. O. Erickson, 1½ days salary and mileage ..... $ 25 40
H. J. Bugge, 1½ days salary and mileage 11 00
G. M. Lauridsen, 1½ days salary and mileage 6 00

The Board adjourned to meet September 4, 1907, at 9:00 a.m.

The cigarette law, passed by the legislature last winter, goes into effect on the first day of September next. After that date it will be "unlawful for any person, by himself, clerk, servant, employe or agent, directly or indirectly, upon any pretense or by any device, to manufacture, sell, exchange, barter, dispose of or give away, or keep for sale, any cigarettes, cigarette paper or cigarette wrappers, or any paper made or prepared for the purpose of being filled with tobacco for smoking." Penalties, both fines and imprisonment, are provided for violators of this act.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall, cor. Oak and First streets. Visitors cordially invited.

H. M. Fisher, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. Eliott, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall

P. J. Wold, N. G.
Wm. W. Garvin, Secretary.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 462

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,

vs.

C. Kirwin, and Jane Doe Kirwin, his wife, and all persons unknown, if any having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to C. Kirwin and Jane Doe Kirwin, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owner, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2332, issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to wit:

The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (SE 1-4 SE 1-4 SW 1-4) of section three (3) in township thirty (30) north of range seven (7) west of the Willamette Meridian.

That said certificate was issued on the fifth day of July, 1907, for the sum of $70.77 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1892 to 1906 inclusive; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the first day of said publication, to-wit, within sixty days after the 12th day of July 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalty and interest, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co. Plaintiff.
Trumbull & Trumbull, att'ys for plaintiff
Post office address, Port Angeles, Wash.
Date of first publication, July 12, 1907.

Bowling Alley

$1.00 in Cash Each Week for Highest Score.

Fresh Fruits,
Fine Candies,
Choice Cigars
and Tobaccos
Newest Stationery

W. J. LICHTY & CO.
Phone 11.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

N. W. Huggins, plaintiff,

vs.

R. B. Albertson, and Jane Doe Albertson, his wife,

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to R. B. Albertson, and Jane Doe Albertson, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

N. W Huggins,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 13 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The north-west quarter (NW 1-4) of the north-east quarter (NE 1-4) of section twenty-two (22) township thirty (30) north of range six [6] west of the Willamette Meridian in Clallam County, Washington.

That said certificate was issued on the First day of December, 1897, for the sum of $42.72 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1895, 1896; that the taxes for the following years have beenpaid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1897 the sum of $16.72; the year 1898 the sum of $17.40; the year 1899 the sum of $20.00; the year 1900 the sum of $16.32; the year 1901 the sum of $16.96; the year 1902 the sum of $14.72; the year 1903 the sum of $15.48; the year 1904 the sum of $13.55; the year 1905 the sum of $14.14; the year 1906 the sum of $10.24, which several sums bear interestat the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 19thday of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

N. W. Huggins, plaintiff.
William Ritchie, attorney for plaintiff.
Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication July 19,1907

Summons By Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Mayme Knigt, Plaintiff

vs

Asa Knight, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Asa Knight, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit: Within sixty days after the 26th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your said answer upon the undersigned attorney for said plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is for a divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of desertion and failure to support for a period of more than one year last past.

William Ritchie, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office address Port Angeles, Clallam County, State of Washington.
Date of first publication July 26th, 1907.

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160 Acres Timber Land

on Bagley Creek

Mostly Cedar

A BARGAIN

LEWIS LEVY, REAL ESTATE BROKER

COR. FRONT & LAUREL STS., PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Reference, Bank of Clallam County.

Order to Show Cause

Why Order of Sale of Real Estate Should not be Made

In the Superior Court, for Clallam County, State of Washington.

No. 407.

In the matter of the estate of Emma Grams, Deceased.

C. F. Merritt, the Executor of the last Will and Testament of Emma Grams, deceased, having filed a petition herein praying for an order of sale of so much as necessary of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

It is therefore ordered by the Court Commissioner of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Superior Court, on Saturday, the 7th day of September, 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Superior Court, at the Court House in Port Angeles, County of Clallam, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Executor to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased Emma Grams as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in a newspaper printed and published in said Clallam County, and the copies of this order be posted for said time in three of the most public places in Clallam County for four successive weeks before said day of hearing.

Geo Venable Smith.
Court Commissioner of said Superior Court.
Dated August 8th, 1907.

Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Clallam Couhty.

Martha E. Steik, Plaintiff,

vs

Fred. Steik, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Fred. Steik the defendant herein.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of July 1907 and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is for a divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of wilful and continued desertion and abandonment and failure to support for more than one year last past

Wm. Ritchie, Attorney for plaintiff.
Office and post office address Port Angeles, Clallam Caunty, Washington.
Date of ffrst publication July 12, 1907.

PROBATE NOTICE

In the Superior Court of Clallam County State of Wasnington.

In the matter of the Estate of Emma Grams, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Testamentary on the Estate of Emma Grams, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 24th day of July, 1907, by the Superior Court of Clallam County.

All persons having claims against said Estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at my office, Front Street, Port Angeles, Washington, within twelve months after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1907.

C. F. Merritt, Executor of the Will of Emma Grams, deceased.

J. P. HAWKES

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